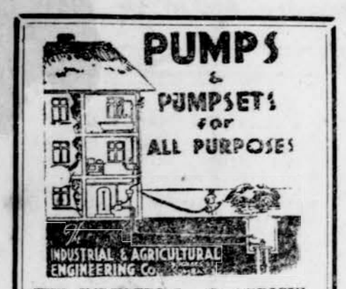


THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICUL TURAL ENGINEERING CO.,
43, Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY 1
Tele: 25740

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 193 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

New Hope For Your Skin

JAPANESE PLOT UNEARTHED?

Diplomatic Privilege Abused

CONSUL ARRESTED AT PORT SAID

Charge Of Supplying Information To Axis From Egypt

LONDON, August 13.

The following cable has been received from London:

Japan will no longer be able to send a "diplomatic bag" from Cairo, cables the "Daily Herald" Special Correspondent there.

It has been suppressed following news that important information was being sent to the Axis Powers through this channel. The Japanese Consul in Port Said was arrested some weeks ago, it has been revealed in Cairo. He was taking photographs after an air raid on the Canal Zone.

Japanese agents in the Near East are whispering that all Asia is to be Japan's lebensraum after the war. Even diplomats have been heard to express this view at unguarded moments.

An intensive programme aiming at the promotion of cultural and commercial relations between Japan and Arab countries is being run by the Near East Bureau of the Japanese legation.

CHALLENGE TO POWERS

LONDON, Aug. 13.

A spokesman of the Japanese fleet in China waters declared today that Japan could not allow to go unchallenged "the democratic encirclement of Japan", which he said, the Chungking regime was trying to establish. He added that the China affair and European conflict could not be settled separately.—Reuter.

AERIAL ATTACK ON KUNMING

LONDON, Aug. 13.

It is reported that Japanese aircraft operating from bases in Indo-China have heavily attacked keypoints in Chinese 'hinterland' including Kunming.

The Government of French Indo-China have placed an embargo on all exports from to-day. No reason is given.

Japanese troops in Indo-China number 180,000 according to a Saigon report. Most of them are concentrated at strategic positions in Western Cambodia.—Reuter.

NO DEMARCHE TO JAPAN

LONDON, Aug. 13.

Reports published in London to-day (Wednesday) to the effect that Britain and the United States have made a 'demarche' to Japan demanding to know whether Japan agrees to forego her policy of expansion to the south, was officially described in London to-day as "completely untrue" says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

The statement that a reply to the 'demarche' had been demanded within a specific time is consequently equally without foundation.

The report is regarded in London as of mischievous character on similar footing to a number of rumours which have been circulating throughout the world during the last few days.—Reuter.

FR. REINFORCEMENTS FOR INDO-CHINA BORDER

BANGKOK, Aug. 13.

Responsible circles fully deny reports that French reinforcements have been sent to the Indo-China Border. It is learnt in authoritative quarters that there is also no truth in reports circulating in Bangkok that the Thailand-Malaya International Express will run only once weekly instead of twice as at present, or that the Thailand-Malaya frontier has been closed.—Reuter.

JAPAN IS CALCULATIVE

TOKYO, Aug. 13.

Foreign diplomatic observers here remain neither optimistic nor dismayed, seeing no change in the situation during the last few days.

The American Ambassador, Mr. Grew, is waiting for the first opportunity to see Admiral Toyoda, the Foreign Minister, and it is safe to presume that the British Ambassador, Sir Robert Craigie emphasised Mr. Eden's statement.

The unmistakable clarification of the Anglo-American attitude possibly explains Japan's cautious silence on vital issues.

Meanwhile, the Japanese press continues to make charges of Anglo-American designs against Thailand and to speculate on rumours of the Churchill-Roosevelt meeting, while the Government is rushing drastic internal mobilisation.—Reuter.

"SUDDEN CHANGE IN U. S. ATTITUDE"

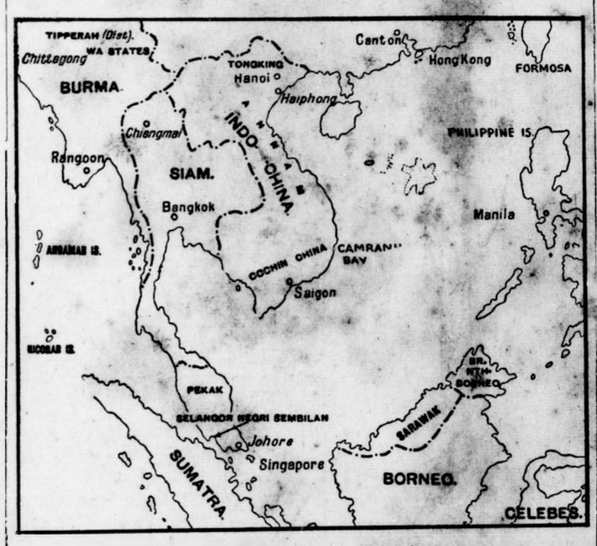
The following cable has been received from London.

The 'Times Tokyo' correspondent cabled on August 11:—

Controverting the entire propaganda thesis of the Japanese Press, which is charging the United States and Great Britain with aggressive designs against Japan and Thailand, Mr. Mana Wakasugi, Minister at the Japanese Embassy in Washington, who is on his way back to Tokyo to report to his Government, told the Japanese people in an 'interview by telephone with the "Nichi Nichi Shimbun" from Los Angeles that the United States desired friendly relations with Japan, but though Washington would never take the initiative, it was resolved to meet any further Japanese move in the Far East.

"The attitude of the United States", he said, "depends solely on the attitude of Japan. All counter-measures against Japan are fixed to be carried out one by one according to each step that Japan takes." This Mr. Wakasugi said, applies to everything—to the freezing measures as well as Japan's southward policy, and added that his return is partly connected with Thailand.

Coming on top of Japanese press dispatches from London that Great Britain is now prepared to fight to defend her Far Eastern interests, Mr. Wakasugi's statement has created a profound impression. While other Japanese newspapers are still hinting at an Anglo-American "bluff", the "Nichi Nichi" headline on the Wakasugi interview reads: United States attitude changes suddenly."—Reuter.



Storm centre in the Pacific.

Australian Move For

PERMANENT REPRESENTATION IN BRITISH CABINET

SYDNEY, August 13.

It is essential for Australia to have permanent representation on the London Cabinet, because her future, as never before, depends on imperial policy and strategy, said Sir Earlie Page, Minister of Commerce in a statement to-day (Wednesday).

The disposition of the Empire's forces is of supreme importance to her security. Her voice in London must be authoritative, but at the same time the Government must be carried on in Australia. The proposals which Mr. Menzies is submitting to Parliament will remove doubts on that score. Mr. Menzies is the best man to represent Australia. Much depends on Australia showing a bold and united front when Parliament meets. If the psychological effect of a demonstration of national solidarity would be immense, he concluded.

AUSTRALIAN CABINET DISCUSSIONS

MELBOURNE, August 13.

The Australian War Cabinet considered matters of high policy in consultation with the service chiefs. They also further considered the Far Eastern situation.

There was wide discussion on the procedure to implement the Cabinet's request that Mr. Menzies should proceed to London, and it is expected that it will be further considered in a war council meeting on August fourteenth.

It is probable also that a resolution will be submitted to both Houses of the Parliament separately. The support of a large majority of Labour is expected, although interest at the moment is centred on sensational party meetings.—Reuter

PREMIER CLARIFIES

LONDON, August 12.

Mr. Menzies said that whoever goes, the administration and the Australian war effort will continue in Australia, and therefore no delays are occasioned by the absence of one man who will need to devote his whole energies to overseas work and responsibilities.

Mr. Menzies explained that questions of great moment had been before the Cabinet and had been the subject of exchanges between the Empire Governments. It was felt that Parliament should be acquainted with the background, and the implications also of recent events had given rise to further discussion of ministerial representation in London where decisions of great importance and empire policy and strategy inevitably were made.

LABOUR OPPOSITION

SYDNEY, August 13.

While the Labour Opposition Leader Mr. Curtin was not yet committed himself on the proposal that the Prime Minister, Mr. Menzies, should go to London for war consultation, his deputy leader Mr. Forde and the former Federal High Court Justice Mr. Evatt and Mr. Beasley who comprise Labour representation on the Federal Council announce their position to Mr. Menzies' departure for London.

Their opposition is based on the grounds that Mr. Menzies place in Australia at this critical time. Several new South Wales members of the Federal Parliament are also opposed to the proposal.—Reuter.

Chhatari–Jinnah Tussle

League Leader All Out For Disciplinary Action

HYDERABAD (Dn.), August 13.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, has released for publication the correspondence that passed between him and the Nawab of Chhattari in connection with the latter's resignation from the membership of the Council of the All-India Muslim League.

Letter from the Nawab of Chhattari to Mr Jinnah, dated July 20, 1941:

Dear Mr. Jinnah,

As I have accepted a salaried appointment in an Indian State I write this to tender my resignation from the membership of the Council of the All India Muslim League. It is needless for me to say that your good wishes and blessings would always be a source of great strength to me and I am sure that they would not be denied.

With kindest regards,

Yours sincerely,

(Sd.) Ahmad Said.

Letter from Mr Jinnah to the Nawab dated, July 30, 1941:

Dear Nawab Saheb,

I received your letter dated July the 20th from Chhattari in the afternoon of the 24th of July. 1941. On examining the envelope I find that it was posted and registered at Delhi on the 22nd of July

I beg to inform you that it was decided before the receipt of your letter to take disciplinary action against you as indicated by my statement issued on the 21st as you were a member of the Muslim League, for having joined the so-called National Defence Council. I regret, therefore, that apart from the technicality that your letter should have been addressed to the Secretary, I am unable to accept your resignation, pending the result of the disciplinary action that has to be taken against you. However, I am forwarding your letter to the Secretary of the All India Muslim League.

Your sincerely,

(Sd.) M. A. Jinnah.

—United Press.

VICEROY ARRIVING TO-DAY

The Viceroy and party are scheduled to arrive in the City to-day (Thursday) by a special train. His Excellency will be present in the A.R.P. Rally to-day.

TAGORE'S BUST IN POETS' CORNER

Vichy Surrender Upsets U. S. Opinion

Recognition Of De Gaulle As Retaliatory Measure?

Marshal Petain's broadcast of a Twelve-point 'New Order' for France and the Anglo-Soviet pledge of Non-aggression to Turkey and Allied aid in case of attack by the Nazis, constitute big news in the diplomacy of Powers.

While Vichy surrender is claimed as a victory for Berlin, the Anglo-Soviet declaration to Turkey is a knock-out blow to German intrigues and ambitions in the Near East.

America is deeply stirred by the Vichy surrender and is contemplating measures to safeguard the Western Hemisphere from possible Nazi threat from Dakar and other French bases in the Atlantic

WASHINGTON, August 13.

If the State Department is reticent about yesterday's Vichy developments, Senators and Representatives are outspoken with recommendations for vigorous counter-action urging the United States with other American Republics to assume protection of Martinique and other French colonies in the Western Hemisphere as soon as it is evident that they might be used as stepping stones for Nazi infiltration.

They also advocate breaking off diplomatic relations with Vichy and according recognition to General De Gaulle.—Reuter.

NAZI ACTIVITIES IN ARGENTINA

BUENOS AIRES, August 12.

The Senate debated this afternoon the dangers of Nazi infiltration into Argentina and voted for investigation of documents attributed to Nazism containing offences against the Congress.

The Conservative Senator Arancibia Rodriguez denounced the Nazi Party in Argentina headed by a German prince whose name Senator Arancibia promised to reveal to the Senate's Constitutional Affairs Committee

The Socialist Senator Palacios approved Senator Arancibia's words and stressed the necessity of acting like other South American countries.—Reuter.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR AIR BASE

NEW YORK, August 13.

With a view to safeguarding the Western Hemisphere, the United States is reported from Washington to be negotiating for air base rights in Brazil to offset any German threat to Dakar.

Informed Congressionists declared that the State Department has initiated discussions with Brazil urging her to assume control of an Italian operated airport off Natal.—Reuter

FREE FRENCH COMMENT ON SURRENDER

LONDON, Aug. 13.

"Turning its back on the United States, Vichy has still further accentuated its submission to the Axis." says the leading article of "France", the independent Free French newspaper published in London. "It is for the Governments in London and Washington to draw the obvious conclusions and take the necessary precautions."

The revolt of French public opinion has increased. Exasperated by the Syrian affair and then by the abandonment of our finest colony (Indo-China) the French in these past weeks, despite censorship, prisons and direct attacks, have found means to express their anger and disdain. Admiral Darlan loves nothing so much as power. It is to power that he has hitherto sacrificed his country. Whether Gen. Weygand attempted or not to oppose this new game is of little importance. Having consented some days ago to be placed under the orders of Admiral Darlan whom he hates. General Weygand has hastened to pay tribute to the regime and to Hitlerite methods which he has held up as an example to the French."

U. S. War Department's Grave Anxiety

Increasing Number Of Strikes Holding Up Army Contracts

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.

Expressing grave concern with last week's increase in strikes at plants holding army contracts, War Department officials said that thirty strikes were reported up to Tuesday involving 23,400 men compared with 14,000 a week ago.—Reuter.

BIGGEST FRENCH NAZI IN CONTROL OF FRANCE

WASHINGTON, August 13.

Rapid diplomatic repercussions are expected by some political observers here to Marshal Petain's broadcast which has secured banner headlines in evening papers.

Radio commentators were definitely inclined to be bitter as they disseminated news over the radio.

They dislike the increased power given to Admiral Darlan pointing out that the "biggest Nazi in France after Laval" now controls Martinique, French Guinea and Dakar—jumping off place for South America.

Feeling prevails that Marshal Petain in whom some confidence was felt no longer counts and Americans see Hitler peering over Darlan's shoulder.

OCCUPATION OF FRENCH COLONIES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.

"The State Department is reticent about yesterday's Vichy developments".

Senators Connally and George Pepper predicted the speedy occupation of the French colonies in the events of any threat to the Western Hemisphere, while even Senators Nye, Clark and Gillettee, often opponents of President Roosevelt and Mr. Hull on foreign policies, remarked they thought such measures might be necessary. Senator Nye said that the United States must act in accordance with the Monroe doctrine to prevent any German advance in this part of the world.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

HEAVY RAINS AT ABU ROAD

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

The District Traffic Superintendent, Abu Road, B. B. and C. I. Railway, wires:—The line between Abu Road and Nana is flooded in several places and is unsafe for passage of trains. Transhipment is impossible. The duration of the interruption is not yet known as heavy rain still continues.—A. P.

LONDON MOVE FOR MEMORIAL

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, August 13.

Various suggestions are being made to raise a memorial in the west for Tagore.

One attracting special attention is that Tagore's bust be placed in the poets' corner in the Westminster Abbey and another for creation of Tagore Lectureships at Oxford and Harvard Universities.

LECTURESHIPS AT OXFORD & HARWARD?

Suggestions To Commemorate Tagore's Name

LONDON, August 13.

Two suggestions suitably to commemorate the name of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore are made in letters to the "Manchetser Guardian" to-day.

Mr. B. B. Ray Chaudhuri, Secretary of the London Tagore Society recommends that a Tagore Lectureship on Indian Art and Literature should be introduced at Oxford. He adds the suggestion that American admirers of Dr. Tagore might establish a similar lectureship at Harward.

Mr. S. P. Bhatia in the other letter suggests that there could be no better or fitting memorial to Tagore than that that his bust should be placed in the Poet's corner in Westminster Abbey.—Reuter.

BOARD OF DOCTORS EXAMINE SARDAR

Gandhiji Informed About His Illness

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, August 13.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who has been kept under observation in Sassoon Hospital Poona was examined to-day by a Board of Doctors including Civil Surgeon, Major Watters, Dr. Randive, Dr. Sohoni and his disease has been diagnosed as dysentery and gastritis inflammation of the stomach. The Sardar who has gone much weak will be kept in the hospital for atleast a fortnight. It is learnt, Gandhiji has been informed about his illness.

Attlee To Broadcast Important Announcement To-day

LONDON, August 13.

Mr. Clement Attlee, Lord Privy Seal and Deputy Prime-Minister, will broadcast through all stations of the British Broadcasting Corporation an important announcement on behalf of the Government at 14-0 (G.M.T.) tomorrow (Thursday).—Reuter

1,200 MILLION DOLLARS MORE?

Second Lease And Lend Programme

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.

It is believed in well-informed quarters that a second lease and lend programme amounting to 1,200 million dollars will be submitted to Congress shortly.

It is believed that a large part of the sum will be allocated for food, the remaining part to be spent on planes, munitions and artillery.—Reuter.

JAPAN'S NEW ENVOY TO INDO-CHINA

LONDON, Aug. 13.

Mr. Matsuoka has been appointed Japan's new envoy to French Indo-China, according to an unconfirmed Rome Radio report. Mr. Matsuoka until recently was Japanese Foreign Minister.—Reuter.

U. S. MINISTER TO THAILAND RESIGNS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull announced the resignation of Mr. Hugh G. Grant, Minister to Thailand. Mr. Hull said that Mr. Grant's resignation was submitted some time ago but had just been accepted. It was not connected with current Pacific developments.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p. c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent as often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted an accomplished and beautiful bride of any caste to marry a Government Servant with annual income of Rs. 8000. Apply to Box No. 14934, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted by a sound Calcutta Life Office Field-workers of all grades in Bombay. Apply immediately stating experience and expected business production. Box No. 14925 "Bombay Chronicle".

European Engineer proceeding Kabul wants a lady capable of household management. For terms and particulars apply Box No. 14926 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted experienced Typist, knowing little accounts, for repairs and rent collection. Guarantee required. State fully details and pay to Thakkar, 31, Wodehouse Road, Fort. (14924)

Wanted: Candidates For Station Master and Signaller's course: scholarship Rs. 30 and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps to The Director All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (14756)

Wanted an L.C.P. & S. (Bom.) for the State Hospital Palitana. Apply to the Chief Medical Officer Palitana State, Palitana (Kathiawar) stating age, caste, place of residence and minimum salary expected. (5303)

Wanted for service on a Steam Tug at Aden a Mohamedan second driver holding a 1st or 2nd class Drivers Certificate. Preference will be given to one who has had experience with the burning of oil fuel. Applicants must be prepared to sign an agreement to serve for 2 years. The pay is Rs. 75|- per month with a War bonus of 15%. Apply in the first instance with copies of testimonials to Box No. 5827, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Qualified and experienced persons (i) to work as Managers of Factories and Mills and as Incharge of Building contract works, (ii) Civil Engineers, having experience of Building contracts and Mechanical and Electrical Engineers having experience of Mills and Factories, and (iii) Accountants, Account Clerks, Storekeepers having experience of contracts and Mills accounts. Applications stating qualifications, experience and minimum salary acceptable should be addressed to Karamchand Thapar and Bros., Ltd., 5, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta, to reach not later than 22nd August, 1941. (5807)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified

SETH GORDHANDAS SUNDERDAS MEDICAL COLLEGE, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Assistant Professor of Pathology and Bacteriology from Registered Medical Graduates holding a post-graduate degree in the subject of Pathology and Bacteriology. Preference will be given to persons with experience of teaching and research work in the subject. The post is a wholetime one and carries a salary of Rs. 300-15-420-20-500 p.m. without the right of any private practice. The appointment will be on probation for the first two years.

Copies of the original articles published together with a statement of the investigations now in progress whether undertaken independently or jointly with others should be forwarded with the application.

The terms and conditions attached to the post will be furnished by the Dean's office on application.

Applications on prescribed forms to be obtained from the Dean's Office should reach the undersigned on or before Saturday, the 30th August, 1941.

Canvassing for the post directly or indirectly will render the candidate liable to be disqualified for appointment.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA,
M.D. (Lond), M.R.C.P. (Lond),
DEAN.

Parel, Bombay,
Dated the 9th August, 1941.
(5768)

NOTICE

A.R.P. RALLY, BOMBAY & SALSETTE.

All employers of A. R. P. personnel are kindly requested to release such personnel so as to permit them to be present on Esplanade Maidan, Bombay, at 4 P.M (S.T.) on August the 14th 1941.

5811

WANTED.

TRAINED SCHOOL TEACHERS in a Military School. Required to teach Recruits. Must know Roman Urdu. Matriculate essential. Pay Rs. 50 p.m. Apply stating age, experience and qualifications to O. C., No. 2 M. T. T. Battalion, DEOLALI.

5805

NOTICE

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

Bombay, the 14th July, 1941

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India will be held at the Local Head Office of the Bank, Madras, on MONDAY the 18th August, 1941, at 4 P.M (Standard Time) for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive the Central Board's Report, the Balance Sheet of the Bank made up to the 30th June, 1941, and the Report of the Auditors.
2. To elect three Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

W. LAMOND,
Managing Director.
(5641)

303. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted a secondhand Electrolyser Set in good working condition, complete with motor generator, (motor 440 volts 3 phase 50 cycles), capable of yielding 60 lbs. of available chlorine in 6 hours. Box No. 14914, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a secondhand Motor Generator Set of 40|60 K.W. Motor to be of 440 volts 3 phase 50 cycles complete with switch gear. Full particulars required for separate units of nearest sizes. Box No. 14915, "Bombay Chronicle."

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale One Crude Oil Engine, Vertical twin cylinder, two stroke 65 B.H.P. in working condition apply to Box No. 14916, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.

SEALED PERCENTAGE RATES TENDERS for the following works will be received in the office of the undersigned upto 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) on THURSDAY, the 21st August, 1941, and will be opened on the same day.

Tender forms with specifications may be obtained from the Office of the undersigned on payment of Rs 2|- each on any working day up to 4-0 p.m. (S.T.) (1-0 p.m. on Saturdays) except the day of receiving the tenders

Each tenderer is required to pay the amount of earnest money as noted against the work into the Reserve Bank of India and the Bank Receipt should accompany separately each tender. Without earnest money no tender can be considered.

The successful tenderer will be required to pay a Security deposit as noted against the works.

The right to reject any or all tenders without assigning reasons is reserved

Name of Work.	Approximate cost.	Earnest money.	Security Deposit.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1) Carrying out additions & alterations to the Animal house in the Haffkine Institute, Parel	5,000|-.	100|-.	300|-.
(2) Providing Compound wall Motor garages etc., at Police Lines at Vile-Parle.	20,000|-.	200|-.	1,000|-.
(3) — Do — at Kurla.	12,700|-.	200|-.	600|-.
(4) — Do — at Andheri.	4,000|-.	100|-.	200|-.

Bombay, 12th August, 1941.

N. V. S. MURTI,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
5822

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all concerned that the Power of Attorney given by the undersigned as the Managing Director of the Central Provinces Syndicate Limited, a Joint Stock Company having its Registered Office at Nagpur to Mr. Kaikhushroo Phirozshaw Ghiara (also known as K. P. Ghiara) has this day been CANCELLED and all are informed that Mr. Ghiara is no longer authorised to act as the constituted attorney of the said Central Provinces Syndicate Limited.

M. B. DADABHOY,
Managing Director
Central Provinces Syndicate, Limited

Bombay, 12th August, 1941.
(5815)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from graduate stenographers for a temporary post likely to be made permanent in the Department of Industries on a starting pay of Rs. 75|- p. m. in the scale of Rs. 50-5|2-90-5-140. Candidates should be natives of Bombay Province as defined in the Bombay Civil Services Recruiting Rules and be within the age limits prescribed for Government servants. Applications giving full particulars about age, general education, domicile, speed in shorthand and typewriting and previous experience, and accompanied by copies of testimonials should reach the Director of Industries, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, by the 25TH AUGUST, 1941. Candidates called for interview will have to appear at their own cost.

Bombay, 12th August, 1941.
(5826)

POLICE NOTICE.

IN CONNECTION with the Civic Guards Parade and A.R.P. Rally and demonstrations on the Cross and Esplanade Maidans on the occasion of the Viceregal Visit, the public are hereby informed that the following roads will be reserved for public purposes on 14th August, 1941, from 4 p. m. until such time as required.

1. MAHATMA GANDHI ROAD (Esplanade Road) from its junction with Mayo Road and Waudby Road (at Queen's Statue) to its junction with Cruickshank Road (Dhobi Talao). (The Dhobi Talao roundabout excluded).
2. WAUDEY ROAD from its junction with Council Road Extension to its junction with Mahatma Gandhi Road.
3. MARZBAN ROAD from its junction with Outram Road to its junction with Bastion Road.
4. RAVELINE STREET from its junction with Waudby Road to its junction with Bastion Road.
5. HOME STREET from its junction with Waudby Road to its junction with Murzban Road.
6. HOSPITAL LANE.

This order is made under the provisions of Section 23(4) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office;
Bombay, 11th August, 1941.
(5812)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

THE

'Deccan Queen'

IMPORTANT NOTICE

FRIDAY, August, 15th, being a Public Holiday (Gokul Ashtami), the "Deccan Queen" will leave Bombay for Poona from platform No. 10 on THURSDAY, the 14th August, 1941 and return from Poona on MONDAY, the 18th August, 1941 as usual.

FROM BOMBAY.

	H. M.
Dep. Victoria Terminus ...	17-15
Arr. Poona	20-00

FROM POONA.

	H. M.
Dep. Poona	7-50
Arr. Victoria Terminus ...	10-35

TRAVEL BY BOMBAY'S POPULAR WEEK-END TRAIN DELUXE.

5821

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for building staff quarters and examining pits, etc., at Cawnpore and will be received by the undersigned up to 12 noon on 6th September, 1941, on the prescribed form to be obtained from the Divisional Superintendent, Allahabad, on payment of Rs. 10|- per set including drawings.

The work has been divided into three parts and the tenderers will be at liberty to tender for any one part or more.

Contractors who are not in possession of a copy of "Instructions for the guidance of Contractors General conditions of contract and standard specification" should pay Rs. 2|- extra for the same. These sums will not be refunded.

Tender forms will not be sold on the last date of the tender.

DIVISIONAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Allahabad.
(5814)

THE AHMEDABAD PRANTEJ RAILWAY CO. LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half-year ended 30th June, 1941, at the rate of 9 per cent per annum less Income Tax, has been made payable at the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Bombay, on and after the 12th September, 1941, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 23rd August, 1941 to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted.

Intimation of any change of address should be given to the undersigned immediately.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Monday, the 25th August 1941 to MONDAY, the 8th September, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 13th August, 1941
(5820)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY

IMPORTANT NOTICE

CLOSING OF JUNNAR OUT-AGENCY.

With effect from 15th August, 1941, the Auxiliary Motor Service between Talegaon Railway Station and Junnar will operate between Talegaon and Narayangaon only. Consequent on this change the Out-Agency at Junnar will be closed for traffic from 15-8-1941.
(5825)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Court, Receiver, High Court, Bombay, Receiver of the estate of the Deceased MULLA AKBERALLI SHAIKH KAMRUDDIN in High Court Suit No. 623 of 1910 (Nazarbhai & anr. vs. Nemtullabai & Ors.) has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person or persons having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easements or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing, to the undersigned at their office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:—

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of Quit and Ground tenure with the messuage, tenements and hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate, lying and being at Cawasji Patel Street, within the Fort and Island and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 477 3|9th square yards or thereabouts and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 194, New No. 5053, Old Survey No. 420 and New Survey No. 9353 and Cadastral Survey No. 407 (Fort Division) and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes of Bombay under 'A' Ward Nos. 1479 and 1481 and Old Street Nos. 14, 16, 1, 18 and 20 and New Street Nos. 106-108, 110 and 112 and which premises are bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East by Cawasji Patel Street, on or towards the West by a sweepers passage, on or towards the North by the property of Dhunjibhai Jehangir Davar and on or towards the South by the property of Hamabai, widow of Nusserwanji Cursetji Dady and Jamshedji Nusserwanji Dady.

Bombay dated this 13th day of August, 1941.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(5824)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai MEHERBAI HORMUSJI KHARAS (daughter of the late Mr. Hormusji Bapuji Guzdar) of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our Office No. 14 K., Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground of pension and tax Tenure (now redeemed) together with a building standing thereon situate at Guzder Park, Girgaum, without the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 425 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue New Survey No. 8135 of which it forms a part and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 10/482, Bauleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under C Ward No. 2157 and formerly Street No. 11 and now Street No. 43, Guzder Street and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Gordhandas Sunderji, on or towards the West by the property of Bomanji Bulsara, on or towards the North by Guzder Street aforesaid and on or towards the South by the property of Bomanji Bulsara.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1941.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
5823

Public Notices

WANTED.

THE following posts are to be filled up in the Labour Welfare Department at Anmedabad:—

1. LADY WELFARE WORKER. PAY RS. 75 P.M. A Gujarati knowing graduate, capable of Social Work among working class people. One having practical experience of Social work will be given preference.
2. A WELFARE SUPERINTENDENT. PAY RS. 50 P.M. A Gujarati knowing graduate or under-graduate, who can impart physical training and organize Indian Games. A graduate of Training Institute of Physical Education, Kandivali, preferred.

Application stating age, qualifications and experience should reach on or before 25th August, 1941. Apply to:—

HONORARY COMMISSIONER.
For Amenities to Industrial Labour
Shanti Sadan, Mirzapur Road,
AHMEDABAD.
5813

Auction Sales

THE SALE OF WORKS OF ART AND DECORATION will take place TO-DAY at 3 p.m. at the room of the Auctioneers 123, Medows Street, as previously advertised.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 15 BALES A. R. BUKHEDI and 50 BALES OF JINJA COTTON.

Under instructions from and on behalf of the concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction TO-DAY (THURSDAY), the 14th, August, 1941, at 2-15 P. M. (S. T.) in Messrs. Gill & Co.'s godown No. E67 at Sewree Cotton Depot.

15 Bales A. R. Bukhedi
50 Bales Jinja Cotton (country damaged).

(Terms—25 per cent deposit).
BENNETT & CO.

MATINEE TO-MORROW AT 1 P. M.
RANJIT'S Social Hit
SHADI
PROGRAMME INCLUDES FUNERAL PROCESSION of
Dr. RABINDRANATH TAGORE
5th WEEK!
Director: JAYANT DESAI
Daily at 4, 7, 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE

HAPPY IS HE, WHO HAS NEVER BEEN HAPPY
SEE
MAZHAR
IN HIS GREATEST ROLE
Great India Pictures'
AKELA
A GREAT PICTURE INTERWOVEN WITH MIRTHFUL MUSIC AND LILTING SONGS.
WITH BIBBO, MOTI, E. BILIMORIA, HADI, BOSE, SHAMU.
DIRECTOR PESSI KARANI
LAMINGTON
Daily 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
SPECIAL ATTRACTION
SHORT OF FUNERAL OF RABINDRANATH TAGORE

ROXY
TO-MORROW at 10 a.m.
SPENCER TRACY ● MICKEY ROONEY
IN
BOYS TOWN
BRING YOUR YOUNGER BROTHERS and SISTERS

PICKING BANDS
For "WIT" Chrome Picking Bands, Leather Beltings Bohemian Type and Chrome Spring Buffers, Laces, etc enquire: THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES LTD., Dharavi Bombay 17 (Phone 89041)

COME BROTHERS
COME ONE COME ALL
To See
National Studios'
SISTER SISTER
Featuring
SHEIKH MUKHTAR
NALINI JAYWANT HARISH
Director: MEHBOOB
To-day At
PATHE
2nd WEEK
Matinee to-morrow at 12-30 p.m.
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Upper seats can be reserved in Advance

HER CHOICE
was NOT WRONG
HER HEART
Craved for the PRINCE
FAMOUS ARUN'S
LYRIC OF LOVE
THORATANCHI KAMLA
Featuring:
SUMATI GUPTE
CHANDRA KANT
2nd WEEK at
MAJESTIC
CINEMA—Girgaon
3 Shows Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 p.m.
Matinee at 1-30 p. m. on Sat., Sun.

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
NEW ADVENTURES!
ZANE GREY'S WESTERN UNION IN TECHNICOLOR
EXTRA!
"TAGORE'S FUNERAL"
India pays Last homage!

SPECIAL PARSI NEW YEAR ATTRACTION
Commencing from Sept. 4th
1941's GLAMOUR—MUSICAL
Another Extravaganza from 20th "Century Fox"
That Night In Rio
Starring:
ALICE FAY—DON AMACHE
CARMEN MIRANDA
The Brazilian Bombshell much greater than
DOWN ARGENTINE WAY
Plans open from 10 a. m. to-day at the
REGAL

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

ON THE AIR

THURSDAY, AUG. 14.

Bombay I Programme

41.38 metres (7,250 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. 244 metres (1,231 kc/s) Bal Sundra bai. 7-45 Trausla tion in Gujarati of H. E. the Governor of Bombay's Talk on Air Raid Precautions. 8 Dattoba Tawde. 8-5 News in Hind. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 H Khan Mastana. 8-40 News in Marathi. 8 50 News in Gujarati. 9 Pramila Bai. 9-15 A I R Trio. 9-25 Mira Bai Baajan. 12-30 p.m. Vocal Variety. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Orchestral Melodies. 1-10 Mathika Roy. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour mu sic. 4-15 School Broadcast. 5 Tomorrow. 5-5 M. Tufail. 5-15 Pramila Bai 5-25 News in Marathi. 5 30 News in Gujarati. 5 35 Sundra Bai. 5-55 Narottam Das: Sarangi. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Shivkumar Shukla. 6-30 Marathi translation of H E. the Governor of Bombay's talk on Air Raid Precautions. 6-45 Pramila Bai. 7 In Lighter Vein: Discussion in Gujarati. 7-15 Screen Snapshots. 7-25 Local news and announcements. 7-30 Madhurika Mazumdar and Party. 7-45 Film Tunes played on Clarionet. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 News commentary in Marathi 8-30 Books and authors: Book review. 8-45 At a Quarter to.... Topical programme with Sound news in Hindustani. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Musical interlude. 10 Victorine Mich De Souza: Soprano. 10-10 Pab. o Casals: Violoncello. 10-15 Raghbir Singh: Clarionet. 10-30 Leo D'Souza: Tenor. 10-40 Pablo Casals: Violoncello.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 9 a.m. As in Bom. 1. 8-5 Three duets. 8-15 Jaltarang solo. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bom. 1. 8-40 Shivkumar Shukla. 9 to 9-30 As in Bom. 1. 12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bom. 1. 12-57 Dadra. 1 to 1-30 As in Bom. 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bom. 1. 2-25 to 5-25 As in Bom. 1. 5-25 Instrumental music. 5-35 to 6 As in Bom. 1. 6 Kamnna Song. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bom. 1. 7-15 Interval.

41.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bom. 1. 7-55 Dattoba Tawde. 8-25 to 9 As in Bom. 1. 9 Gujarati Garbas. 9-15 Shivkumar Shukla. 9-30 Bai Sundra Bai. 9-45 Gat Tora on Tabla. 10 Dwibharya: Yoga: Comic Sketch in Marathi. 10-15 H. Khan Mastana. 10-30 Dattoba Tawde.

Delhi I—Programme

388.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Asad Ali Khan. 5-20 Zinda Hasan. 5-35 Gauhar Sultan. 5-50 Afzal Husain. 6-15 Bundu Khan: Sarangi. 6-30 Manna Bai. 6-50 Zinda Hasan. 7 Gauhar Sultan. 7-15 Europe ke Manchale Sipahi. 4: Talk in Hindustani. 7-30 Asad Ali Khan. 7-45 Ham Tarah Ghazen. 8 For the Universities: Talk. 8-15 For Villagers only. 9-45 M. Siddiqi. 10 Bundu Khan: Sarangi. 10-15 Gauhar Sultan. 10-30 Manna Bai.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

5 p.m. Gouri Dutta. 5-15 Duet song. 5-35 Sudha Sarkar. 5-50 Sudha Sarkar. 6-5 Kshirish Das Gupta. 6-20 For rural and industrial areas. 7 Uma Chatterjee. 7-20 Amiyo Roy Chowdhuri. 7-40 Kshitish Das Gupta. 7-45 Mathematics: Talk in Bengali. 8 Janmashtami. 9 Kenneth Millage: Piano. 9-55 Freda Gray: Soubrette. 10-10 Tangos.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Educational broadcast for children. 4-30 Tea time music. 5 B. Kesavamurty. 5-45 Jantra Sammelanam. 6-5 Letters from listeners. 6-15 Sri Krishnudu. 6-30 T. R. Gnanasagara Rao 7 Prapancha Sameekshs. 7-50 As in Trichinopoly 9 Cherchez la Femme. 9-10 Interlude. 9-45 Topical talk. 9-55 Listening post. 10 As in Madras 2.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. S. Ramanathan. 5-45 Learn to sing. 6-5 S. T. Pattammal and S. T Rajappa. 6-30 For villages. 7 Topical item. 7-15 Your Radio set. 7-50 Concert programme.

INDIAN SUGAR QUIET WITH SELLING PRESSURE

Bombay, August 13

Java sugar: Since our last review the position as regards ready Java sugar for local consumption remained unchanged and the quotation is nominal. As regards Bonded Java as well Mozambique sugar, during the earlier part of the week, market ruled very firm with a further sharp advance of about one Rupee in Ready and about 8 to 12 annas per cwt. in forward deliveries. The main reasons for the above rise, were, the good demand from overseas at increased limits and the delay and uncertainty of arrivals. During the latter part of the week, market however, showed lower tendency and prices declined sharply on some reselling by the overseas buyers on the rumour that a steamer was fixed for shipment from Java to P. Gulf. On the whole while price for ready Bond is almost unchanged, there is a decline of about 4 to 4 annas in forward deliveries as compared with last week with hardly any buying interest as is usual in declining market. The closing quotations are at the moment nominal as there is a wide difference between sellers and buyers' quotations. In forward August/September shipments, there is at present no buying interest and the nominal quotations are Rs. 9/10 buyers and 9/12 sellers. Closing tone of the market was weak.

INDIAN SUGAR

Market for ready Indian sugars continued to rule very quiet with a decline of about 2 annas per md. due to pressure of sales on account of heavy arrivals from up-country and lack of fresh buying interest. In forward or arrivals there were no buyers although there were sellers at the Syndicate limits and in some cases at slightly below the Syndicate limits.

In Gola section, market ruled steady with prices fluctuating within narrow limits. Business was very restricted owing to lack of buying incentive. Cawnpore market was reported quiet and prices were lower by 1 to 2 annas Arrivals during the week, were estimated at 1500 tons and the stocks at 4500 tons. Market closed quiet with easy tendency

FOREIGN MARKETS

On the New York Terminal market, there was a decline of 1, 2 and 3 points in December, March and May deliveries respectively. Java market was reported steady unchanged. Business was very much handicapped due to scarcity of tonnage and uncertain political situation.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There was no interest in Java sugar in Calcutta and the quotation is nominal. In Karachi, business in Java sugar was chiefly restricted to sales to overseas. There was no interest in forward As regards Indian sugar, Calcutta market was reported quiet with a decline of 2 to 3 annas. In superior grains, market was reported to be steadily owing to good enquiry. In Karachi prices were unchanged.

GENERAL

Local market for ready Java was likely to remain unchanged. As regards Bonded Java as well as forward shipments, the situation is still uncertain and future movement of the market will depend mainly on demand from overseas and political developments.

Long Liquidation And Hedging In N. Y. Cotton Market

WARNING TO FARMERS NOT TO SEEK UNREASONABLY HIGH PRICES

Trade And Mills Slow Buyers

Bombay, August 13

On Tuesday, the New York cotton market ruled again weak on heavy general selling mostly long liquidation and hedge selling.

Government's loan holdings on 1st August approximated 6,550,000 bales. The pressure on the market was due to improving crop with the House delaying action over the Smith Bill. Official defationism undermined bullishness. Contracts were offered more freely with trade and mills in a less hurry to fix.

LOAN COTTON COST

At July 31, the cost to the United States Government including charges of 1934 loan cotton approximated 15 45 cents and 1937 cotton 12.15. These comprised respectively 1,348,000 and 4,778,000 of une 30 total loan holdings of 7,335,000 bales. The Government is statutorily debarred from selling loan cotton at a loss including charges and interest, but sales at present prices would be highly profitable especially 1937 cotton which comprise the bulk of Government's holdings. Other components of June 30 total were 1938 cotton 832,000, 1939 9,000 and 1940 367,000 bales which were presumably cleared during July.

The present decline in New York cotton prices is due to bigger hedging, prospective enlargement of the crop movement, easiness of securities and commodities with especially Mr. Morganthau's determined deflationism and opposition to the Smith Bill seriously shook bulls. despite congressional efforts to boost parity to around 20.50 cents. Last week weather was favourable but the absence of really hot weather protracts serious perturbation from weevil.

The present decline is too rapid and long liquidation being extensive, the technical position of the market has improved and with prices now under official parity level selling pressure will be reduced.

NEW YORK MARKET

New York cotton was early lower on New Orleans selling; foreign and domestic liquidation and hedging together with uncovering stoploss orders. The Secretary of Agriculture is warning farmers not to seek unreasonably high prices and intimating Presidential veto on the freezing bill but the close was steady.

The market opened at about the highest level of the day at a decline of 5 points with October quoted 16.06. There was general selling and October declined to 15.65 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 41 to 36 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 41 points at 16.35c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy on increased selling and closed at a decline of 40 to 35 points. Spot cotton prices lost 39 points at 15.31c. per lb.

LOCAL MARKET

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state: The administrative threat to check inflation and release loan cotton, coupled with favourable weather caused a sharp break in prices But there is a loan cushion to the market around 15.00 cents. Last few seasons, farmers having been benefited by holding cotton, any further downdrift in prices will discourage them from marketing new crop.

Favourable Indian crop reports and false rumours resulted in heavy speculative selling and long liquidation yesterday. Japanese situation seems somewhat wavering and intransigient. Similarly, American participation in the war is somewhat lukewarm. Market seems oversold.

Latest cable from Marshall Geers and Co. reads: "Declined account speculative liquidation, believe this practically terminated. Strongly advice purchases March, May, July around 16 cents. Farmers will put bulk cotton in loan at this level."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (10 a.m.) ..... 15.06—05

New York October lowest (2.47 p.m.) ..... 15.65—46

Messrs Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Market eased on hedge selling and foreign long liquidation. Closed steady

NEW YORK COTTON

	New York, August 12
October	15.70—41
December	15.88—39
January	15.90—39
March	16.03—36
May	16.03 37
July	15.97—37
Middling Spot	16.34—41

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

	New York, August 12
October	15.66—39
December	15.81—40
January	15.91—39
March	16.03 35
May	16.03—37
July	15.98—35
Middling Spot	15.31—39

NEW YORK COTTON

	New York, August 12 11 a.m. call.	Noon call.
October	15.88	15.83
December	16.07	16.02
March	16.18	16.13

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, August 12

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 17,000 bales

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA: August 13.

The All-India Weather Chart upto 8 hrs. on Wednesday with shade temperature maximum and minimum; rainfall for past 24 hours; since 1st June and departure from the normal is given below:—

Stations.	Maximum	Minimum	Rainfall for 24 hrs.	Since 1st June	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	87	78	0.0	53.0	+ 1.4
Calcutta	93	79	0.9	45.3	+15.8
Cuttack	91	83	0.0	35.2	+ 7.4
Patna	88	79	0.1	17.7	— 7.8
Benares	96	81	0.0	11.3	—10.9
Allahabad	94	81	0.0	11.3	—10.9
Cawnpore	93	80	0.1	12.2	— 6.1
Lucknow	88	79	0.3	14.1	— 7.1
Agra	92	83	T	10.4	— 4.5
Bareilly	89	79	0.8	17.9	— 0.4
Dehra Dun	87	73	T	38.4	+13.8
Delhi	90	79	T	6.2	— 8.3
Sialkot	89	77	0.1	13.3	— 1.1
Rawalpindi	95	75	0.0	14.7	— 0.4
Multan	101	80	0.0	1.7	— 2.0
Peshawar	101	80	0.0	0.5	— 2.4
Fort, Sandeman	93	73	0.0	3.1	— 0.8
Rangoon	81	75	0.1	61.4	+13.2
Khandwa	88	75	0.1	18.4	+ 1.8
Jubbulpore	86	75	0.9	23.5	— 9.7
Nagpur	87	76	T	30.7	+ 3.1
BOMBAY	86	77	0.4	25.1	—24.1
Ratnagiri	85	80	0.2	44.8	—26.7
Ahmedabad	88	73	0.0	4.1	— 5.5
Poona	84	73	0.0	15.1	+ 2.3
Mysore	83	68	0.0	7.2	+ 0.8
Calicut	86	76	1.4	71.4	— 1.5
Madras	95	80	0.0	6.8	— 0.8
Darjeeling	68	51	0.9	53.3	—19.1
Simla	66	59	0.8	33.2	+ 0.1
Bhavnagar	89	76	0.0	25.1	+12.2
Jacobabad	106	89	0.0	0.0	— 1.8
Karachi	87	81	0.0	1.8	— 2.9
Jaipur	87	76	T	4.7	— 8.8
Ajmer	85	75	0.3	5.1	— 2.0
Rajkot	90	80	0.3	19.6	+ 1.8
Ahmedabad	81	74	0.3	41.4	+21.3
Bhopal	83	73	T	18.6	.....
Akola	86	75	0.4	14.3	— 3.5
Amraoti	85	76	0.2	19.0	+ 0.8
Indore	82	72	T	22.4	+ 2.1
Mussooree	72	51	2.3	40.1	— 6.1
Mahableshwar	66	63	1.7	152.0	—39.6
Baroda	82	74	1.1	36.8	.....
Belgaum	77	70	0.2	35.0	+ 5.3
Murree	73	60	0.0	16.4	— 6.8
Cherrapunji	74	67	0.0	218.6	—19.9
Bijapur	89	70	0.0	5.7	— 1.1
Mount Abu	70	65	12.3	44 3	+ 5.8

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.—A.P.

WIDESPREAD RAINFALL

Warning Of Heavy Downpour For Another 24 Hours

POONA: August 13.

Locally heavy rain occurred in North Gujarat and South Rajputana. Rainfall has been widespread in Behar, South Rajputana, East Gujarat, Konkan and Malanar and local in Assam, Bengal, Bihar, United Provinces, West Central Provinces, East and North Punjab and Mysore. A few falls occurred in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, West Central India, East Central Provinces, North Rajputana, North Deccan and Southeast Madras.

Forecast until the evening of the 14th inst.:—There will be widespread rain in North Gujarat, Rajputana, Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces. It will also rain in a number of stations round the head of the Bay of Bengal. Elsewhere there will be no appreciable change in the prevailing weather.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain is likely to continue in South Rajputana and the adjoining districts of Gujarat for another 24 hours.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 13-8-1941.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.14 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.9 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.1 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.1 degrees (1.2 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.1 degrees (1.2 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 92 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 15 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 210 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 36 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rain in 24 hours 0.39 inches

Total rainfall during the month 2.94 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 25.13 inches.

Weather remark: Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 13-8-41

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.3 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.89 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.99 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

FEAR OF DECREASE IN YARN CONSUMPTION

Bombay, August 13

The uncertain tendency reported last week continued as cotton prices remained on a lower level during the week under review. The present level of prices are higher as far as foreign yarns are concerned and it does not pay the consumers to weave the cloth at this rate and hence some of the factories are thinking of either closing down or working partially. The only reason why the prices are so steady in spite of less consumption is that War is still going on and merchants do not expect any fresh arrivals in the near future. The ultimate result is that consumption, will decrease by half but as far as the War is there, prices are not expected to go too low. Demand for Indian yarns from Overseas is brisk but owing to no space being available in steamers no fresh business is reported during the week. There is a report of strike in Southern Indian mills but it is expected that negotiations which are going on at present will prove fruitful and the mills are expected to resume work again as before.

English yarns: Nothing of importance is to be reported as there is practically no business in this class of yarns.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

Wide fluctuations are reported in these yarns on various rumours of War from Overseas. Cables of political situation in the Far East are watched carefully and they have a reflection in this class of yarns and prices fluctuate heavily. The future tendency depends on the developments of the political situation in the Far East. In case of Mercerised yarns prices were on a lower scale owing to fresh arrivals of steamers which were expected not to arrive previously. Now that the steamers have actually arrived, prices are likely to remain steady at the present level.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS

Arrivals of the steamers checked the rise in prices and they are a bit lower than reported last week. It does not pay the consumers to weave cloth at the present level of prices and it is expected that weavers will still reduce their offtake.

INDIAN YARNS

The fall in prices of cotton reflected on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., where prices ruled to Rs. 5 to Rs. 7 per bale lower. It is a fair level to purchase for those who do not hold any stock and we do not expect the prices to go much lower. Mills are still quoting higher prices owing to good sales in cloth and therefore no business of importance is to be reported as far as the mills are concerned, during the week under review.

Consumption Of Indian Cotton

The Indian Central Cotton Committee has issued the following statement of Indian cotton (pressed and unpressed) consumed in mills in India (Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States.) (In bales of 400 lbs. net).

CONSUMPTION

British India during June 1941 235,211; during June 1940 203,546; since 1st September 1940 2,422,699; during the corresponding period last year 2,015,988.

Indian States during June 1941 52,605; during June 1940 44,887; since 1st September 1940 505,279; during the corresponding period last year 465,052.

Total—India during June 1941 287,816; during June 1940 248,433; since 1st September 1940 2,927,978; during the corresponding period last year 2,481,040.

N.B.—Due to corrections which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, August 13

Following a drop of 41 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 252 for Broach A/M deivery but the market opened steady at Rs. 254 and improved to Rs. 255. At this level there was scattered selling and prices declined to Rs. 253/4 but again rallied to Rs. 254/8. It may be noted that with distress selling being over, the market is showing resistance and with an oversold state, an upward reaction is not unlikely.

Thereafter there was active buying by prominent operators and prices rose to Rs. 257/8. Scattered selling eased off prices to Rs. 256/8 and the market steadied at this level for a long time but with several unfounded rumours selling increased and prices declined to Rs. 254/4 and rallied to Rs. 255. With increased buying prices rose to Rs. 257/12 but reacted to Rs. 256/4. There was renewed buying and prices advanced to Rs. 258. There was active demand for Oomra and Broach advanced to Rs. 259. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

		No.	Business.
Broach A/M	.....		
Broach J/A	.....	Rs.	258 0 0
Oomra D/J	.....		196 0 0
Bengal D/J	.....		148 8 0

COTTON ROOM-RATES

Bombay August 13

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		151	149	147	144
M G Punjab		151	149	147	144
M G Rajputana		160	158	156	153
M G Oomra No. 3	195	192	189	186	
M G C P No. 1	233	220	217	214	
M G C P No. 2	2.3	200	197	194	
M G Broach No. 2		224	221	218	216
M G Punjab-Ameri		279	276	273	271
M G Surat		353	350	347	345
M G Rajpipla		349	346	343	341
M G Navsari		361	358	355	353

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, August 13

Bengal Fine	150-53
Berar	182-87
C P 1	214 19
C. P. 2	192-93
Khandesh	142-52
Muglai	162-72
Broach	200-10
Broach Low	165 75

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, August 13

Wheat September	.....	0	3 0
Wheat January	.....	0	8 0
Wheat May	.....	0	12 0
Linseed September	.....	0	4 0
Linseed May	.....	1	6 0
Groundnut February	.....	6	0 0
Castorseed September	.....	2	8 0
Castorseed May	.....	8	0 0
Cottonseed September	.....	1	0 0
Cottonseed January	.....	3	0 0
Silver 1st settlement	.....	0	10 0
Silver 2nd settlement	.....	1	2 0
Gold 1st settlement	.....	0	6 6
Gold 2nd settlement	.....	0	10 6

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1941-42	1940-41
Receipts to date 12-8-41	116000	106000
Receipts yesterday 12-8-41	17000	14000
Export to date 8-8-41	20000	20000
Stock at Ports 8-8-41	3165000	2461000
Stock at Interior Towns 8-8-41	2129000	1921000
Stock at Liverpool 8-8-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 8-8-41	138000	112000
Quantity in sight 8-8-41	.....	.....
Quantity out of sight 8-8-41	.....	.....

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, August 13

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales.

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh	.....	100,995	55,591
Central India	.....	148,897	109,351
Barsi and Nagar	.....	124,726	114,118
Hyderabad/Gaorani	53	50,825	47,970
Berar	.....	385,546	318,618
Central Provinces	.....	77,454	76,962
Total Oomras	53	888,443	722,620
Dholeras	.....	101,416	89,297
N W Provinces	.....	1,999	26,079
Rajputana	.....	6,766	35,228
Sind-Punjab	2,127	570,715	379,442
Broach	.....	299,759	408,949
Coompta and Dharwar	30	150,715	51,794
Westerns-Northerns	267	142,050	37,736
Cocoanada	.....	239	86
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	155	14,953	1,392
Total	2,632	2,139,421	1,762,623
Arrived by road to 7th August 19441	.....	361,133	339,387

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May cent points at exchange 331 432

HIGE AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, August 12

Broach J/A highest 222 1/2 lowest 218 1/2 closing 218 1/2

Broach A/M highest 260 1/2 lowest 252 1/2 closing 255 1/4

Oomra D/J highest 194 lowest 189 closing 189 3/4

Bengal D/J highest 147 1/2 lowest 145 closing 146 1/2

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, August 13

Linseed September	.....	6	9 3
Linseed May	.....	9	8 0
Wheat September	.....	4	13 0
Wheat January	.....	5	1 9
Wheat May	.....	6	8 0

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS

Bombay: August 13.

1067 pkgs auto and auto truck parts, 608 pkgs timber, 120 bxs cadmium sulphide, 389 pkgs M/truck and commercial chassis, 74 dms aniline dyes, 158 c/s refrigerators, 37 drums paints, 847 pcs black steel plates, 179 batteries, 200 loose auto wheels, 574 pcs dog wood logs, 110 c/s electric fans, 1917 loose tyres and tubes, 64 cts food preparations, 4006 bdls steel cut hoops, 105 c/s cotton cord twine, 200 bls newspapers, 35 pkgs zinc sheets, 133 dms grinding bodies iron balls, 1350 kegs wire nails, 1478 coils wire, 628 brls wood rosin 771 bdls black steel sheets, 400 bls secondhand clothing, 380 dms Glucose, 2480 bags carbon black, 1485 cts Masonite hard board, 100 bags wooden handles, 2500 reels barb wire, 794 bdls steel bars, 630 bgs ground clay, 5500 pkgs crude sulphur, 5650 bags sulphur, 1018 S/bags roll sulphur, 700 rolls roofing, 469 dms solid asphalt.

EXPORTS

Bombay: August 13.

5407 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 1750 bls raw cotton Cotton Export and Import Ltd; 62 bags turmeric Manekji and Co; 10666 bags grdnut kernals The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 703 bls raw wool D Abraham and Sons; 30 bags sandalwood Sorabji Nowroji and Co; 151 bales cotton pcegoods S R Pusaikar and Co; 35 bls cotton tea towels S R Pusaikar and Co; 67 bls cotton pcegoods A E Maskati; 200 bls cotton grey yarn A E Maskati; 27 bls cotton pcegoods Vadilal Ltd; 84 bls cotton pcegoods Sant Textile Products (India) Ltd; 141 bls cotton pcegoods Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 23 bls cotton hand towels Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 150 bls cotton pcegoods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 660 bls cotton grey yarn Grindlay and Co Ltd; 174 bls cotton pcegoods Grindlay and Co Ltd; 90 bls cotton pcegoods Jayant Trading Co; 41 bls cotton pcegoods Herbertsons Ltd; 23 bales cotton pcegoods Virchand Panachand and Co; 86 bls cotton pcegoods Tribhovan Nemchand and Co; 135 bls cotton pcegoods The Central Trading Co; 28 bls cotton pcegoods The Jassani Carpet Co; 58 bls cotton pcegoods Italindia Cotton Co Ltd; 38 bls cotton pcegoods Keshavji Virji and Co; 25 bls cotton pcegoods Manekji and Co; 28 bales cotton pcegoods M A Mullick and Co. 866 bls cotton pcegoods The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg Co Ltd; 49 bls cotton tea towels The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg Co Ltd; 500 bls raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 280 bags castor seeds Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 20 bls cotton pcegoods G N Musry.

Narrow Price Movement In Share Bazar

MILL SHARES STEADY

More Inclination To Await Developments

Bombay August 13

The local share bazar was quietly steady with a restricted turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. There was more disposition to await developments and in view of holiday on Friday the market was colourless. It is difficult to say whether the present steadiness will be continued as the market is getting overbought and naturally new buyers are cautious.

Wall Street dealings were negligible and the market oscillated feebly with fraction al losses well distributed as impending stringent curbs on instalment selling further punctuated inflation talk. Coppers were barely steady but not especially disturbed by the official ceiling, while oils and rubbers were mostly resistants. However, the market closed steady with steels, chemicals, aircraft and motors outstanding in general final stiffening. U. S. Steel shares closed 5/8 up at 57 and Anaconda Coppers were 1/8 up at 27 5/8 and General Motors improved 1/8 at 39 3/8 dollars.

Amongst the local Exchange Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 2102 and after fluctuating between Rs. 2095 and Rs. 2110 steadied at Rs. 2100. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 398 and downturned to Rs. 393 but later rallied to Rs. 395 Century shares were quoted at Rs. 492 and Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 1210 after opening at Rs. 1200. Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 153 and the session was uninteresting.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, August 13

Bombay Dyeing (1200)	1200	1212	1207 1210
Century (493)	496	495	491 492/8
Central India (362)	362	361	362 359/8
Kohinoor (464)	468	469	466 468 464
New Great (274)	274	272	276 272
Simplex (146)	145/8	144	143/8
Swadeshi (359)	358	362	360 361 358/8
Associated Cement (153/4)	153	152/8	
Andhra (1717/8)	1717		
Tata Power (1707/8)	1706	1702	1710 1705
T Steel Defd (2100)	2102	2107	2103 2110
2092 2100	2097	2102	
T Steel Ord (397)	398	397	398 393 396
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (155)	155/8		
Bellapur (231)	231	230	
B Burma (440)	445	448	445

BANKS

50-100 Baroda X D	...	114	0
25-50 Centra	.....	47	12
500 Imperial	.....	1567	0
125-500 Imp Contry.	.....	335	0
50-100 India	.....	142	12
100 Reserve Bank	.....	105	8
5 Union	.....	6	12

CEMENTS

100 ASSOCIATED	...	152	8

INSURANCE

100 Empire	.....	692	8
15-100 Jupiter X.D.	.....	14	5
20 Mercantile	.....	67	8
15-75 New India	.....	46	4
200 Oriental	.....	4195	0
10-50 Vulcan	.....	9	2

ELECTRIC

100 Ahm. Old	.....	185	0
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY	.....	1717	8
10 Ajmer	.....	12	6
50 BOMBAY TRAM		158	0
100 Bombay Suburban X.D.	...	183	8
10 Broach	.....	13	4
100 Karachi	.....	210	0
100 Poona	.....	211	8
100 Surat	.....	185	0
100 TATA HYDRO	.....	185	0
1000 TATA POWER	.....	1705	0

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	.....	89	0
100 C. Province	.....	105	8
100 Dhond Baramati	.....	04	4
100 Gujarat	.....	162	4
100 Mandra Bhon	.....	103	0
100 Pachora Jamner	.....	66	0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	.....	105	0
500 Tapti Valley	.....	652	8

MININGS

9 Burma Corp	.....	4	3 0
2sh Indian Copper	.....	2	1 0
10 Indian Iron and Steel	.....	31	12
10 SHIVRAJPUR X D.	.....	32	0
10 Mukund Iron	.....	12	0
30 TATA STEEL DEF	.....	2102	8
75 TATA STEEL ORD.	.....	390	0
10 Steel Corporation	.....	19	12

MISCELLANEOUS

100 ALCOCK	.....	372	8
10 Air Services	.....	2	14
50 BELAPUR SUGAR	.....	230	0
200 Bombay Safe Dep	.....	650	0
250 BOMBAY STEAM	.....	345	0
125 B. Burma	.....	417	8
50 Burma Cont.	.....	153	12
8sh. Br B. Petrol	.....	3	2 6
50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE	...	66	0
100 IND. BELACHING	.....	136	0
50 Ind. Invest Trust	.....	49	0
100 Indian Radio Def.	.....	605	0
100 Indian Radio Ord	.....	582	8
100 Port Canning	.....	103	0
30 PREMIER CON	.....	103	8
15 Scindia	.....	24	0
25 Tata Oil	.....	54	0
100 Wimco	.....	225	0

PREFERENCE

7 p.c Andhra Valley	.....	1570	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	.....	313	12
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F	.....	78	0
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	...	645	0
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	...	118	4
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	...	119	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	.....	158	0
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	.....	1615	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	.....	221	14
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	.....	155	8

DEBENTURES

3 3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	...	101	4
7 p.c. Vishnu	.....	737	8
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	.....

NEW YORK COTTON 56 POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICE.

OCTOBER

New York: August 13.

Previous closing 15.70
To-day's opening 15.71
Difference ..... +1
To-day's closing 15.26
Difference ..... +56

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach April/May ..... Rs. 263

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York: August 13.

New York cotton was moderately active with traders showing general hesitancy in extending commitments and in consequence caution prevailed throughout the session.

Trading in October began at 15.71, i.e. one point higher than the last closing. Prices steadied on stray support and trade buying, but the demand was rather slow.

The following are opening ranges:—
October (16.06/06) 15.71/71
December (16.25/25) 15.93/93
March (16.35/35) 16.04/02

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London: August 13.

Castorseeds August Sept. (£21) £20 7/8
Linseed Bombay Calcutta August Septem ber (£20 3/4) £20 5/8
Linseed La Plata Sept. (£12 1/4) £12 1/4
Groundnut Coromandal Coast August September (£19) £19

JUTES

Dundee July August (£53) £53 nominal
Lightning July August (£49) £49 nominal

RUBBER

Spot (13 5/8 buyers) 13 5/8 buyers
Forward November (13 5/8 buyers) 13 5/8 buyers

LONDON METALS

Tin (£258 buyers; £258 1/4 sellers. Steadier) £258 3/4 buyers; £259 sellers. Very steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 8 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: August 13.

Previous closing 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening 4.03 1/2

T T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: August 13.

Previous closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London: August 13.

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0.

LONDON SILVER

London: August 13.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 7/16d —1/16
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 7/16d —1/16

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/32
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.33) 30.33
London on Shanghai (0-2 11/16 to 0-3 1/32) 0-2 25/32 to 0-3 3/32
London on Kobe not quoted.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/2 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS.

London: August 13.

There was no trading during the night session.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London: August 13.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: August 13.

London Stock Exchange was quiet.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London: August 13.

5 per cent 1958/68 (£103 3/4) £103 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£81 1/4) £81 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 5/8) £106 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/4) £99 3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan (£114 1/8) £114 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 1/8) £105 1/8
New York Loan (£101 3/8) £101 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 1/2) £111 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-9) 13-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (37-0) 37-3
Electric Music Industry (12-0) 12-0
Brindsh Johnson (22-0) 22-0
Imperial Chemicals (32-1 1/2) 32-1 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (57-3) 57-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates (£62 1/2) £62 1/2
Dundee River (35-9) 36-3
Unilever Ordinary (25-3) 25-3
Ford Motors (22-1 1/2) 22-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£63) £63 1/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (85-7 1/2) 87-6
Carreras 'A' (£4 7/8) £4 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (112-6) 112-6
P and O Def (27-7 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Distillers (58-6) 58-3
Bredfords Dye (6-0) 6-0
British Celanese (5-1 1/2) 5-1 1/2
J and P Coates (34-4 1/2) 34-4 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (30-7 1/2) 31-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-3) 4-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (16-6) 16-3
Inter Nickel (dol 40 3/4) dol 40 3/4
Indian Iron (48-1 1/2) 48-1 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-0) 19-0
Donaro Tea (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Empire of India (18-9) 18-9

JUTE

Barnagore (£7) £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-0) 15-0
Guia Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (26-7 1/2) 26-7 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (17-6) 17-6
Burma Corporation (6-1 1/2) 6-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£6) £6
East Rand Properties (44-4 1/2) 43-9
Rand Mines (£7) £7

MINE SHARES

Crown (£10 3/8) £10 3/8
Associated Portland Cement (56-3) 56-3
Trinidad Leasehold (65-0) 65-0
Sub Nigel (£7 1/8) £7 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (21-10 1/2) 22-6
Union Corporation (£7 1/8) £7 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (28-9) 28-9
Anglo India (35-0) 35-6
Burma Oil (55-0) 55-0
Mexican Eagle (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2
Shell Transport (49-4 1/2) 48-9
Royal Dutch (£19) £19

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£36 3/4) £36 1/4
London Midland Ordy (£14 3/8) £14 3/8
London North Eastern Def (£1 3/4) £1 3/4
London Southern Defd (£12 3/8) £12 1/2
London Transport 5 per cent (£123) £123
London Transport (£40) £40

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: August 13.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices are as under:—
General Motors unquoted.
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 27 5/8
U S Steel Common dol 57 1/8
U S Steel Preference unquoted.

Appeal To Women Students

Miss Perin Bharucha, member of the All-India Students' Federation has issued the following appeal to the lady-students of Bombay:—

Sir Maurice Gwyer has been asked to deliver the convocation address to the new graduates of the Bombay University. Sir Maurice Gwyer symbolises the beaurocratic tendency of using the universities against the civil liberties of the students. We women students in Punjab and elsewhere have always shown our solidarity with the Indian students movement and we have always expressed time and again that we stand by those who are struggling for 'Freedom, Peace and Progress.'

Sir Maurice Gwyer, by forfeiting the degrees of our student leaders, Com. Farouki and Sanghi, has exposed himself as one who does not believe in Freedom of thought and action. It is, therefore, the duty of every woman student to boycott and protest against Sir M. Gwyer's visit to Bombay. Women students in Bombay should abide by the programme of the Bombay Students' Union and fight together with men-students to make Indian Universities seats of culture and progress.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Speculatives Quieter

CALCUTTA: August 13.

Quiet conditions still prevailed in the Stock Exchange and the volume of business was moderate. Cottons, Coals, Teas, Jutes and popular features in Miscellaneous Industrials were a shade quieter, while Engineering issues continued quiet. Government Securities on the other hand ruled steady.

Following are the closing quotations:—
Govt. Securities: 3 per cent loan 1951/54 100, 3 1/2 per cent G P 96, 3 1/2 per cent 1954/59 102/12, 3 per cent Defence 1949/52 59/14, 3 per cent Defence 1946 102/14, 4 per cent loan 1960/70 110/12 small lots, 5 per cent loan 1945/55 111/8 small lots, 3 per cent Madras 1952 99/8, 3 per cent Assam 1952 98/5, 3 per cent Punjab 1952 99/5.

Banks: Central 47/12 c div, Reserve 108.

Railways: Baraset Basirhat Rly 58, Bukhtiarpur Bihar 59, Dehri Rohtas 11/10, Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar (Guar) 109 small lot, Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Rebate 107, Cottons: Basanti 4/8, Basanti pref 6/10, Bengal Nagpur 16/12, Bowreah B pref 92, Dunbar 246, Kesoram 8/8, Muir Mills pref 80, New Victoria ord 3/10.

Coals: Bengal 362/8, Bhalgora 5/4, Borrea 16/8, Burra Dhemo 4/8, Burrakur 13/13, Central Kurkend 15/2, Churulia 1/14, Ghemo Main 12/7, Hurriladih 13/2, Khas Kajora 8/12, Kuardi 3/5, New Beerbhoom 16/8, Pench Valley 33/12, Samla 2/5, Satpukuria and Asansol 1/4, Sendra 13.

Jutes: Adamjee 26/4, Albion pref 172, Alliance 306, Anglo-India 355, Bally 240, Bally pref 167, Budge Budge 368, Chitavalsah 11, 15/10, Chaig 2/6, Clive 28/9, Calcutta Jute pref 121, Delta 428 small lot, Hastings pref 140/8 ct, Howrah 55/1, Hukumchand 12/2, Hukumchand pref 143 small lot, Kamarhatty 520, Kanknarrah 420 small lot, Kelvin 502/8, National 23/14, Northbrook 23/14, Northbrook 36/5, Dineshwara pref 13/5, Union 435, Waverley 3/7, Waverley pref 65/4

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 4/5, Consolidated Tin 2/8, Indian Copper 2/1, Mirzapur Electric 5/10, Burn and Co ord 423/8, Hukumchand Steel 14/10, Indian Iron 31/13, Indian Malleable Casting Defd 2/15, Indian Standard Wagon ord 69/8, Kumardhubi Eng ord 5/8, Marshalls 2/10, National Iron and Steel 9/4, Steel Corpn ord 19/13, Bararee Coke 27/4 ex-div, British Ceylon Corpn 4/8, B I Corpn ord 4/11, Calcutta Trams 17/9, Indian Cables 28/12, Kalimpong Ropeway 11/2, Rohtas Industries pref 175, Walford Transport ord 1/8, Walford Transport pref ord 1/8, Indian Paper Pulp 153 ex-div, Mysore Paper 17/4, Orient Paper ord 14/4, Orient Paper Old pref 109, Sree Gopal Paper 12/13, Star Paper 12/2, Star Paper pref 102, Titaghur Paper Prefd ord 5/14, Titaghur Paper ord 20/2, Sree Krishna Yanandays Sugar pref 121.

Teas: Banarhat 438/8 s lots, Dimakusi 26, North Western Cachar 236, Tengpani 19/4, Tezpore 8/3.—A. P.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS: August 13.

The market has shown very little fluctuations to-day and most of the counters have remained steady. Sugars have shown a slight recovery and in Textiles Mysore Spuns were well enquired for. Miscellaneous issues remained steady.

Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 noon to-day are:—

Bank of Hindustan 28, Indian Bank 38 c-d, Cambodias ordy 10/10, 10/4, Cochin Textiles ordy 15, 15/4, 14/14, Sitarams 71, Mysore Spuns 12/2, 12/4, Maduras 45, Aaron ord 10/12, Buckinghams ordy 280, Kothari Textiles ordy 12/8, Rajagiri 7/5, Midlands 6/12, Balanoor ordy 10/8, Cottanad ordy 6/14, Cochin Malabar ordy 7/10, 7/10/6, 7/11, Chembras 4/6, 4/7, Coorgs 33, Malankara 40/8, Nellithanam 8/9, 8/10, Ouchterloney Valley Estates ordy 2/10, 2/8/6, Thirumbadi 1/13, Mlamallay pref 27/8 c-d, West Coast ordy 6/6 s l, South Arcot ordy 96, South Madras Electric Corporation ordy s o l, 13/12, Travancore Sugars 15, United Breweries ordy 94, Mysore Chemicals and Fertilisers 18/7 s l, 18/6, Mysore Match 10/10, 10/12, Mettur Chemical ordy 12, 12/2, Alkali Chemical pref 122/8, Mysore Paper 17, 17/4, Mysore Lamp 10.

Dr. Sumant Mehta On Plight Of 'Eunuchs'

The pitiable condition of the "Pavayyas", "Hijdas" or eunuchs, who form a low mentally, socially and economically depressed community, was described by Dr. Sumant Mehta, in the course of a paper he read before the Bombay Anthropological Society, at the rooms of the Royal Asiatic Society's report on Wednesday evening.

He stated that certain superstitious beliefs and the need for better and safer servants were some of the causes which had led to the creation of these Hijdas.

Dr. G. S. Ghurye who presided over the meeting drew attention to the fact that they were the victims of certain pernicious beliefs. No attempt had so far been made to know the facts about them much less to ameliorate their conditions.

Only 50 p.c. Of City Motor Car Owners Have Applied For Ration Cards So Far

MOTOR CYCLES WILL COME INTO VOGUE: "LIFT CLUBS" MAY BE STARTED TO GET OVER SHORTAGE OF PETROL

BOMBAY Wednesday

All the petrol pumps in the city have been practically sucked dry by the owners of private motor cars and taxes in their anxiety to hoard as much petrol as possible.

The petrol rationing scheme will come into force from August 15 and those, without coupons will therefore find themselves stranded.

Only 50 per cent of the owners of private motor-cars, in the city have so far received the coupons. In effect, therefore, 10 thousand motor-cars will have to be confined in the garages, unless the owners avail themselves of the coupons and become eligible for receiving petrol under the rationing scheme.

The authorities expect a big rush in all the rationing centres within the next few days. Unless the owners pay their taxes in full, they are not eligible for coupons, and at least, five thousand motor-car owners, it is presumed are defaulters. Extra staff have been requisitioned at the Motor Vehicles Department to cope with additional work.

Regarding urban bus services, the authorities have only effected little cut in the supply of petrol as they consider that it is not desirable to interfere with essential public conveyances. In the rural areas, the essential services have been maintained almost as they were. In the semi-essential services, the authorities have made cuts in the supply of petrol to an appreciable extent. Drastic cuts have been made in non-essential services.

Mr. T. T. Kothavala, Secretary of the Bombay Transport Authority is personally superintending the petrol supply required for trade purposes. Every item is being scrutinised and where kerosine oil is necessary for the purpose of cleaning machinery, any application for petrol is denied. Some traders, it is said, make fantastic and unreasonable claims for petrol. This morning, a well-known merchant went to Mr. Kothavala and applied for 600 gallons of petrol on the plea that they were necessary for keeping his machinery in order. Mr. Kothavala scrutinised the items shown in the application and convinced the merchant that only 12 gallons of petrol were necessary for the up-keep of his machinery.

The coming months will see a boom in motor cycles. Many motor-car owners have already taken to motor cycles, and the fashion, when once in vogue, will spread like wild fire.

The authorities feel that if the motor-car owners will start a "lift club" it will go a great way in assisting the rationing scheme. The composition of the club will be as follows: Motor-car owners of a particular locality will meet at a particular place and then if they find that their destination is the same, they can join and make use of only one car instead of going in separate cars.

All the rationing stations were crowded to-day.

High Court

BULSAR AGIARY DISPUTE

Priests To Officiate Subject To Trustees' Supervision

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Divatia).

1. Rustomji Burjorji Sanjana
2. Sorabji Rustomji Sanjana—Appellants (Plaintiffs).

v

Ardeshir Pestonji Dhanbhura and Ors.— Respondents (Defendants).

This was an Application for Interim Injunction in a Second Appeal from the decision of the Joint Second Class Subordinate-Judge at Bulsar dismissing the Plaintiffs' suit filed on 28th May 1934 for a declaration to the effect that Defendants 1 to 8 who were the trustees of the Bulsar Parsi Anjuman had no right to remain in possession of or to control, manage, maintain, or administer suit Agiary (Fire-temple) or to appoint a head-priest to perform religious ceremonies therein or to cancel their appointment, and for an Injunction restraining the Defendant-trustees from exercising those alleged rights and from admitting Defendant No. 9 in place of the Plaintiffs in to the Agiary for performing religious ceremonies. The District Judge of Surat, Mr. D. V. Vyas in appeal had on 23rd December 1940 confirmed the dismissal of the suit by the trial court. Aggrieved by this dismissal the Plaintiffs, father and son, had approached the High Court in Second Appeal. The High Court having admitted the Second Appeal the present application was made by the Appellant Plaintiffs. On Tuesday last, before His Lordship for an Interim Injunction that pending the hearing of final disposal of this appeal, the Respondent-Defendants be restrained from getting the ceremonies of Darun. Baj. Yjeshni, Vishparad. Rapithwan and Boi performed in the suit Agiary by the 9th Defendant or any other priest, and from disturbing or obstructing the Appellants in the management of and in the performance of religious ceremonies in that Agiary.

The subject of the suit was an Agiary situated in Dastoorji's Mohalla at Nana Parsi Wad in Bulsar. It was originally found by one Jamasp Bhaiji in the 17th century. Thereafter the Agiary fell into ruins and it was regenerated in 1819 by one Seth Hormasji Chinoy, a descendant of Jamasp Bhaiji, the founder, and in 1847 his sons installed the sacred fire in the Agiary rebuilt by their fathers and undertook its management. In 1812 it was again rebuilt by one Navroji S. Gamadia.

The Plaintiffs contended that this Agiary was their private property and their family, as one of the branches of Jamasp Bhaiji's descendants, has even been, and alone has the right to the control and management of the Agiary and to the performance of religious ceremonies therein. The Defendant-trustees on the other hand allege that the Agiary was dedicated to the use of the entire Parsi community and was not the private property of any family. They stated that after Navroji Gamadia rebuilt it in 1912, he entrusted the management of the Agiary to the Defendant-trustees as representing the Bulsar Parsi Anjuman. In 1931 and before that in 1918 two Agreements were passed by the Plaintiffs and by their father, respectively, acknowledging the managership of the trustees and the Trustees alleged that in place of Defendant 9, on 30th April 1941 after the decree of the lower appellate court they had entered into an Agreement with one Dossabhai Sidhwa for the performance of the ceremonies at this Agiary.

After hearing Counsel His Lordship ordered that the hearing of the appeal be expedited and fixed for the week beginning 10th November next and that pending the hearing the Plaintiffs should continue to perform ceremonies in the Agiary, but subject to the supervision of the Trustees.

Mr. G. N. Thakore instructed by Framroz J. Ghadiali appeared for the Appellants in support of the Application for Interim Injunction.

Mr. N. P. Engineer with Mr. Pochaji Jamshedji appeared for the Respondents to oppose the Application.

Carrying Currency Out Of India

APPEAL SUCCEEDS

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice & Mr. Justice Sen).

Gulam Alli Bin Hussain—Appellant.

v

The Emperor— Respondent.

The Appellant, a Persian dealing in dates, had been convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 250/-, or in default, to undergo 6 months' rigorous imprisonment for failing to declare his possession of Indian Currency when asked by a Customs Officer under Rule 90 (B) (3a) of the Defence of India Rules by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay. From this conviction the Appellant appealed to the High Court.

The Appellant arrived in Bombay on 3rd March last and was to leave Bombay by a ship bound for the Persian Gulf which was to stay a day at Karachi. On being searched he was found in possession of Rs. 8,900/- in Government Currency notes in contravention of the notification issued by the Reserve Bank which permitted him to carry with him not more than Rs. 1,000/-. The Appellant contended that out of this amount he had to make payment of a sum of Rs. 5,000/- to another merchant at Karachi and he was to buy rice and other merchandise at Karachi out of the balance while the boat halted there to be carried to Kuwait, a port in the Persian Gulf.

JUDGMENT

His Lordship the Chief Justice, delivering the judgment of the Bench stated that unfortunately the Chief Presidency Magistrate had not paid attention to the language of the Rule in question which required that a person should be "ordered" to declare his possession of Indian Currency by a Customs Officer before he could be said to have failed to declare it, and not merely "asked" to declare it. In His Lordship's opinion there was no evidence before the Court to show that a mere gesture of the fingers denoting money was an "order" to declare money in the possession of the Appellant as required by the Defence of India Rules. Their Lordships therefore set aside the conviction and sentence passed on the Accused by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

With regard to the seizure of the amount of Rs. 8,900/- the Appellant was entitled to carry Rs. 1,000/- and therefore the latter amount should be refunded to him. As to the balance of the amount the Police had their suspicions and therefore under Rule 90 sub-Rule (4) they were entitled to seize it and to hand it over to the Central Government to be disposed of as they might direct, and His Lordship the Chief Justice said, "In my opinion neither the Chief Presidency Magistrate nor this Court could make any order as to the disposal of this property".

Mr. H. D. Banaji with Mr. Pochaji Jamshedji instructed by Messrs. Aibara and Co., appeared for the Appellant. The Government Pleader appeared for the Respondent.

WISDOM MAY YET PREVAIL IN JAPAN

LONDON, August 12.

The Prime Minister of New Zealand, Mr. Peter Fraser broadcasting to-night, said "The Far Eastern situation is serious but there is still time for wiser counsel than aggression to prevail".

Expressing confidence that if, in spite of every effort of maintaining peace in the Pacific, the tide of war should reach New Zealand and Australia, the dominion would show the same unyielding determination as the motherland, he declared.

He adds: "New Zealand will stand shoulder to shoulder with the United Kingdom, whatever may come, to the end and that end will be Victory."—Reuter.

KING'S MESSAGE TO LADY WILLINGDON

LONDON, Aug. 13.

The King sent a message of sympathy to-day (Wednesday) from himself and the Queen to Lady Willingdon.—Reuter.

Bombay Governor's Condolence

H. E. the Governor of Bombay has to-day (August 13) despatched the following telegram to Lady Willingdon:

"The Government of Bombay has learned of the death of Lord Willingdon with profound regret. His services to this Presidency as Governor throughout the last war and more recently as Viceroy will long be remembered. To Lady Willingdon the Government of Bombay extends deepest sympathy which is shared by the whole Presidency."

Bengal Condolence

CALCUTTA, August 13.

When the Bengal Legislative Assembly (Lower House) met this evening, the speaker, Sir M. Azizul Haque referred to the death of Lord Willingdon.

The Calcutta Corporation adopted a resolution, expressing profound sense of sorrow at the death of Lord Willingdon.

Flags were flown at half mast over Government buildings and many commercial firms as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Lord Willingdon.

His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal has sent a cable of condolence to Lady Willingdon.

TRAVANCORE "ELDERS" CONDOLENCE.

TRIVANDRUM Aug. 13.

The Upper House of the Travancore Legislature (Sri Chitra State Council) passed a resolution this morning placing on record "its deep sense of loss at the demise of the Marquess of Willingdon, at this critical juncture in the history of the Empire", and requesting the President to convey the condolences of the Council to the Marchioness of Willingdon —A. P.

SIND GOVT. OFFICES CLOSED KARACHI Aug. 13.

The Sind Government has issued an order closing offices and law courts this afternoon in memory of Lord Willingdon.—A. P.

REFERENCE TO THE LATE LORD WILLINGDON

When the High Court sat yesterday morning, His Lordship the Chief Justice made a Reference to the sad death of Lord Willingdon. His Lordship said that he was England's foremost Pro-Council, and as far as Bombay was concerned had left his name in the Willingdon Club which he founded because a certain other leading club in Bombay did not admit Indians to be its members. His Lordship further observed that it was impossible to think of Lord Willingdon apart from Lady Willingdon who was a person of vast energy and organizing capacity.

The Advocate-General on behalf of the Original Side Bar and the Government Pleader on behalf of the Appellate Side Bar respectively associated themselves with the sentiments expressed by the Chief Justice and referred to the popularity he enjoyed with all classes of Society.

Will Indian Members Of Viceroy's Council Justify Their Existence?

Maharashtra Chamber President Says Expanded Council Must First Try To Create Atmosphere Of Goodwill In Country

The following are extracts from the speech delivered by Mr. M. L. Dahanukar, President, Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, at the third quarterly general meeting of the Chamber held on Wednesday:

Indian troops have contributed in no small measure to the successes of the various miltiary campaigns conducted by the Middle East Command and they have elicited world-wide applause for having shown remarkable pluck and bravery in difficult conditions. They have brought added lustre to the glorious martial traditions of this country. I am sure our soldiers will give similar account of themselves in the Far Eastern theatre of war as well, when the proper time for diong it comes. When light of freedom is put out from several countries, no other forces seem to be able to successfuly counter the onslaught of brute force.

EXPANSION OF VICEROY'S EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

The expanded Council does not meet the demand put forward by even the moderate politicians in the country. Although it is a fact that there is to be an Indian majority in the Executive Council of His Excellency the Viceroy for the first time in history and although the new members are eminent men none of the important portfolios, such as Home, Finance, Defence and Communications seem to be entrusted to them. It is also not clear whether all important matters of policy will ordinarily come up before the Council for decision and the majority decision will be acted upon. Even now suitable changes can be made and sufficient freedom of action given to new members to enable them to inspire public confidence and hope for the future. I trust the expanded Council first addresses itself to the task of creating an atmosphere of goodwill and harmony in the Country.

PETROL RATIONING

Rationing of petrol has to be accepted as a matter of course, as an important war time measure of petrol economy, more especially, as Government visualise the possibility of deterioration of the tanker position and want to build larger stocks in anticipation of greater military demand. In fact, it can be said that if a beginning had been made earlier by introducing a moderate plan of rationing, public would have got used to it and natural inconvenience and hardship resulting from the present measure could have been averted. That being the situation the only thing that can be done to-day is to see how the proposed scheme will achieve its object without any great and sudden dislocation of life.

It will also be worth while emphasising here the need for really making, as is contemplated, a more liberal allowance of petrol in case of buses serving the needs of the travelling public and goods transport in the Konkan area of Maharashtra, an area which is admittedly poor so far as the means of communication are concerned, motor transport being practically the only modern transport available in this area at this time of the year. There is a further reason as well why the concerned Area Rationing Authority ought to show greater consideration to Konkan and it is that even the coastal steamer service, when it starts after the monsoons, will be limited due to Government having taken over steamers for war purposes.

It may be suggested that Government will do well not only to issue licences but even help such of the sugar factories as may be willing to put up plants for manufacturing power alcohol from molasses—molasses which are not only running into waste to-day but whose disposal even has become a problem—to secure the necessary plants for the purpose. This will increase the supplies of motor spirit and further war effort by enabling the sugar industry to advantageously use one of its bye-products.

INDO-BURMA IMMIGRATION AGREEMENT

I take this opportunity to enter a strong protest against this agreement which is roundly condemned all over the country and say that it does indeed very great injustice to the Indians already settled and resident in Burma, in as much as, it affects their legitimate rights. They will have to suffer much indeed unless this agreement is suitably modified and pending such revision, its operation suspended.

What makes the agreement most objectionable is that it proposes not only to impose restrictions on new immigrants but even on those who are already settled in Burma and have been there for years. Their right, for example, to return to India and to again go back to Burma to attend their business is restricted.

DISTRIBUTION OF INDUSTRIES

There being need for an even distribution of industry in the country, any effort to help an industry situated away from the well-known industrial centres of India is welcome and I should like to take this opportunity to say that the Industries Department of Bombay did well in considering the request of a certain industry for concessional rate for a certain product from Government forests. The matter was under correspondence between this Chamber and the authorities and I am happy to state that it has produced the desired results. There are a thousand and one ways in which Government can help Indian Industry without any cost to themselves, although they will be justified in doing so even at a cost and often with possibility of some gain; as for example, when they may make available for industrial use something, which would not have otherwise fetched anything. I have only mentioned this just to show how in innumerable small ways helpful things can be done. Industries Departments in other parts can well emulate the example of the Industries Department of this Province.

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IN A STATE OF DESPAIR

This poor woman prayed for the dawn—yet she lived in dread of every coming day. Has the awful horror of sleeplessness ever brought you to this pitch of despair? Have your nerves begun to let you down—until you feel life isn't worth living? Read this short letter and take heart. *"I was a martyr to sleeplessness. Night after night I laid awake praying for the dawn, yet dreading it. I got into a state of nervous despair, so weak that I reeled as I walked. Then I tried Dr. Cassell's Tablets. I AM CONVINCED THEY SAVED MY LIFE. Now I am well and strong."* (signed) Mrs. C.

Now—Strong and well!

Feed your Nerves with

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—AND YOU WILL QUICKLY

EAT BETTER!
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Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

The Great Nerve Tonic and Body Builder

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BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 7, 1997
Muslim: Rajab 20, 1360
Parsi: Aspandarmad 14, 1310.
Sunrise: 6h. 19m.
Sunset: 7h. 8m.
Hightide: 4-8; 15-41
Lowtide: 9-34; 22-24

SARASWAT BRAHMAN SAMAJ: The anniversary of the late Justice K. T. Telang will be celebrated in the Samaj Hall Girgaum, to-morrow (Friday) at 4 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS, MATUNGA: A public study class on the subject of "Karma" will be held at 8-15 p.m. to-day (Thursday) at Putia House, Bhau Daji Road, Matunga.

BAI G. V. SAYANNA FREE DISPENSARY, THANA: Total attendance during the month of July 1941 was 2,016, out of whom 1,149 were males and 867 were females.

KALYANJI RATANJI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY: The total number of patients (male, females and children) treated in the Kalyanji Ratanji Charitable Dispensary at Mangrol during the month of July was 6,131.

VICEROY TO VISIT GENERAL MOTORS FACTORY

H. E. the Viceroy accompanied by the Governor of Bombay, will pay an official visit to General Motors (India), Ltd., at Sewree, on Saturday, the 16th inst. at 3 p.m. This will be H. E. the Viceroy's first visit to this factory.

CHARITY SHOW OF "PUKAR."

A charity show of the film "Pukar" will be given at the Minerva Talkies on Sunday, the 17th August, at 9-45 a.m. under the auspices of the Ramakrishna Mission in aid of the Flood Relief Fund. Tickets at concession rate will be available at the Ramakrishna Mission Ashram, Khar, 12th Road, Bombay and at the Minerva Talkies on Sunday morning.

PUBLIC DEBATE AT Y.M.C.A.: To-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. a public debate will be held in the Bowen Memorial Hall, Student Y.M.C.A., Lamington Road on "That the distinction between the 'Eastern' mind and the 'Western' mind is an unreal distinction." Dr. F. P. Aptin and Miss Aloo Dastur will speak for and Mr. H. R. Stimson and Miss Piloo Nanavutty will speak against. Rev. James Kellock will preside.

RABBITS ON SALE AT VICTORY STALL

Today (Thurs.) afternoon a family of 5 white rabbits will be sold at the Victory Stall. They are five weeks old. The children who have donated these pets have made two stipulations to be observed by the purchasers —the rabbits must not be eaten and they must be kindly treated.

The Victory Stall has gone from strength to strength this month. Customers are increasing daily and the tea stall has proved a great attraction. Teas with delicious Devonshire Splits are served on Thursday afternoons by some of the lovelies of Bombay as waitresses.

Petrol rationing may make a little difference to the number of customers but every woman in Bombay is asked to do her utmost to support this effort.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

LAMINGTON—"Bambaiwali". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Footsteps in the Dark". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Western Union" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Gone with the Wind". Daily at 3 and 8-15 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Escape to Glory". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Pot O' Gold". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Akela". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Sister". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Sansar". Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Charanoki Dasi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Lagan". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Holiday in Bombay". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m
OPERA HOUSE—"Shadi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Amrit". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Narsi Bhagat". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Thoratanchi Kamla". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Come Live With Me". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
CHITRA—"Pardesi". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Bandhan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Raj Nartaki". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 9-30 p.m.
APOLLO—"Narsi Bhagat". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

SOUTH INDIAN ASSOCIATION: "The Birth of Krishna" will be the subject of a lecture by Mr. J. M. Tijoriwala, to-morrow (Friday) at 6 p.m. at the Association premises, Telang Road, Matunga.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

Japanese administration notifies following restrictions imposed by Manchurian Government on telegrams to or from Manchukuo:—(1) Telegrams are accepted at sender's risk only. (2) Telegrams are subject to censorship and can be stopped or delayed without notice to the sender. (3) Private telegrams should be written in clear English language, however the following Codes are admitted in private telegrams on condition that the name of Code should be shown in preamble by its abbreviation, i.e., Bentley's Second Phrase Code (Bensec), Bentley's Complete Phrase Code (Bencom), Acme Commodity Phrase Code (Acme), A B C Code (ABC) and Peterson's International Code Third Edition (Pet). (4) Telegrams destined to Manchukuo can only be accepted for the destination of Hingking, Moukden, Dairen and Harbin. (5) Reply-paid telegrams are not accepted.

AT Y. M. H. A.

JANMASHTAMI PROGRAMME: To-day (Thursday) 10 p.m. Kirtan by Shabeer P. D. Khadikar Tomorrow (Friday) 8-30 a.m. Mass prayer. 9 to 10 a.m. Physical culture demonstrations. 10 to 10-30 a.m. President's address and Vande Mataram. Sir Govindrao Pradhan will preside.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCOUTS LEAD!

Seven Scouts Earn The Coveted Hind-Scout Badge

The Organising Commissioner, Hindustan Scout Association, Bombay Province, writes:—

Seven bright youngsters of the Municipal Scout Troops lined up before a large gathering of the Scouters and the leading citizens at Gilder Tank, on Saturday last under the presidency of Dr. R. K. Shirodkar, the Chairman of the Schools Committee, at a function held in their honour as the first batch of Hindustan Scouts to earn the coveted distinction of "Hind Scouts."

A delightful little Scout programme formed the prelude to the function after which Mr. M. V. Donde welcomed the Chairman and Miss K. Khandvala, the new Secretary of the Association, and eulogised the achievements of the seven youths in thus winning this highest distinction in such a short time.

The Provincial Commissioner, Mr. Achrekar and Mr. B. T. Char also spoke highly congratulating the Scouts and the association.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, M.L.A., the ex-Mayor of Karachi and the Provincial Commissioner of Sind, delivered an address stressing the great idenls of sacrifice and service of the Hindustan Scout Association and stated how happy he was to meet the Scouts and Scouters of this premier city.

Dr. Shirodkar in his presidential address expressed satisfaction over the progress of the Municipal Scout Association and appealed for greater effort and higher efficiency.

MUSIC RECITAL AT MATUNGA

Sangeetha Bhushanam G. A. Nataraja Bagavathar gave a recital of Karnataki music at the Asthika Samaj hall on Sunday evening. The programme consisted of a mixed variety of old classical songs and modern compositions. Though a disciple of Semmangudi, Mr. Natarajan displayed originality in stylisation. However, one could see his master's voice and intonation in Karaharapriya, which he rendered with remarkable ease and flow. The Kirtans in Panthuvarali, Arabi and Dhanyasi and Riti Gowla were well executed, and his rendering of new songs of Papanasam Sivan and Ramana Maharishi was impressive. The artiste showed a good flair for Northern touches, and the programme lasting over three hours was thoroughly enjoyable.

He was ably accompanied by Mr. S. Krishnaswami in violin and a local mridangam player. At the end of the performance the artiste was presented with a purse.

"PETROL SAVING" ON A. I. R.

A talk on "Petrol Saving" in relation to the new rationing arrangements will be given from the Bombay Station of All-India Radio at 8-45 p. m. to-day Thursday 14, by Mr. T. T. Kothavala, the Provincial Rationing Authority.

This is one of the Indian sheepskin jackets worn by a naval rating. The first place of manufacture is Srinagar, Kashmir, where the Resident has sponsored the scheme and a Navy Sheepskin Jacket League has been formed to collect funds. Rs. 10 will buy one jacket, and the name of the donor inserted, if desired. Contributions of any amount may be sent to J. H. Pattinson, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer, The Navy Sheepskin Jacket League, Srinagar, or in Bombay to Mrs. Herbert Smith, c/o "The Times of India", Bombay.

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION IN BOMBAY

Experimental Scheme At Bhatghar

August 14.

The Bhatghar Hydro-Electric scheme sanctioned by the Government of Bombay in 1938, with a view to developing rural electrification, is now in operation. Six transformer stations have been established and energy is supplied for lift irrigation and for lighting and power purposes. Two pumping plants have also been installed and water is delivered to villages for agricultural purposes. The scheme, though experimental at present, promises to be remunerative when fully developed.

(Continued from Col. 6)

ture. This is the responsibility of the fighting forces, and you may be sure that they are fully alive to it. I am not concerned with those measures to-night.

The other method of defence is passive defence, or what is called A. R. P. By this we mean the organisation of measures to enable the public to protect itself from the effects of air attack—that is to say, to prevent fires from spreading, to secure as much shelter as possible from exploding bombs, to render aid to those who are injured, to protect our homes, essential services and vital industries, and to take steps to ensure that our economic life carries on with the minimum of interruption.

VISIT TO-MORROW'S PARADE

You will have an opportunity of seeing a mass parade of our A. R. P. services to-morrow, which will be inspected by His Excellency the Viceroy. It will give you an idea of what has already been done.

Government aims at a total of 25,000 volunteers, including reserves.

I appeal, therefore, for 20,000 fresh recruits, to enrol during the next four weeks. We can use them all. They will either be absorbed into active duties, or trained and kept on the reserve.

We want recruits for all our A. R. P. services. We want more Wardens, more First-Aiders, more Auxiliary Firemen, more volunteers for the rescue service. I ask public-spirited persons to come forward and enrol themselves in large numbers. Enrolment will begin a week from to-day, that is to say, on Wednesday, August the 20th. You will find particulars as to enrolment in the newspapers, whose co-operation will, I know, be very helpful.

IN A NUT SHELL

I will now sum up what I am asking for. We have already built up in Bombay a good A. R. P. organisation. To complete it we now want many more volunteers—20,000 of them. I ask for them now, not because there is any immediate cause for alarm, but because, in the present war situation, the people of this great maritime city must be well-prepared for any possible emergency. This is a call to service, service to yourselves, to your City, to your weaker neighbours. Please respond to it.

Air Raid Shelters For Madras Towns

MADRAS, August 13.

The Madras Government are taking steps to carry out the measury indicated by the recent circular of the Government of India to provide air raid shelter in the towns classified as vulnerable. At present the Government are considering proposals to provide shelters in Madras, Vizagapatam, Cochin and Cocanada.—United Press

GOVERNOR'S CALL FOR

20,000 Volunteers For A. R. P. In City

BUT SAYS, WHEN QUESTIONED, DEEP SHELTERS PROVE DEATH TRAPS AND BEST THING IS TO REMAIN AT HOME DURING RAIDS

AN APPEAL WAS MADE BY H. E. THE GOVERNOR AT THE CONFERENCE OF THE EDITORS AND PRESS REPRESENTATIVES AT THE CIVIL SECRETARIAT ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON TO THE CITIZENS OF BOMBAY TO ENLIST FOR THE A. R. P. SERVICE.

Governor Quotes Adage

HE SAID AT LEAST 20,000 VOLUNTEERS WERE NECESSARY TO FIGHT FIRES AND INCENDIARY BOMBS AS WELL AS FOR THE RESCUE WORK. HE DID NOT EXPECT ANY AID RAID BUT HE EMPHASISED THE ADAGE THAT TO BE FOREWARNED IS TO BE FOREARMED.

After H. E. the Governor's speech some questions were put which were replied to. To a question whether deep shelters would be constructed in Bombay, H. E. the Governor replied that a committee of engineers will be considering this question shortly, but he pointed out that the experience in regard to deep shelters in England had shown that they were more like death traps than anything else. Sometimes bombs had exploded near the deep shelters thus either suffocating those who were in deep shelters by the debris or by the blowing of the sewage or the gas pipes, which were in close proximity. In case of air raids, it was better to stay in the homes rather than go to the deep shelters, which might be away and required five or ten minutes' walk.

To another question, Mr. D. Symmington, Secretary to the Government, A. R. P. Department stated that a Provincial Training School would be opened where the volunteers for A. R. P. services will be trained.

Mr. Symmington also stated that arrangements would be made by the municipalities to house those rendered homeless by air raids.

WHEN EVACUATION WOULD BE NEEDED

The Governor replying to another question said evacuation would not be necessary unless there were prolonged and sustained air raids. But he did not expect any such contingencies; but they had to prepare for eventualities. The military authorities realised their responsibilities for the defence, but all the same as citizens it was their duty also to offer their services for the protection and well-being of their fellow citizens.

Following are excerpts from the Governor's Broadcast:—

The Government of this Province was amongst the first in India, if not the very first, to recognise the need for air raid precautions; and even before the outbreak of war we had begun to lay the foundations of an A. R. P. organisation in Bombay. Since that time the organisation has been steadily growing in size and acquiring more skill and training. But we must now go further.

I have been interested to read articles which have recently appeared in the Press urging upon Government the need for intensifying A. R. P. measures. I do not accept the criticism, which has appeared in some of those articles suggesting that Government is neglecting the problem. For, as I hope to show in a few minutes, a great deal has been done in Bombay, and, in fact, we already have here an organisation capable of dealing with milder forms of air attack. But I welcome the attention which the Press has been giving to A. R. P. problems, since it shows the interest which the public is taking in the question of its own protection.

TWO FORMS OF DEFENCE

I will first indicate, in a few words, what, exactly, our present organisation consists of in Bombay and what its objects are.

There are two forms of defence against hostile attack from the air. The first is active defence, by which is meant defence by fighter aircraft, anti-aircraft guns and other measures of a military na-

(Continued in Col. 4)

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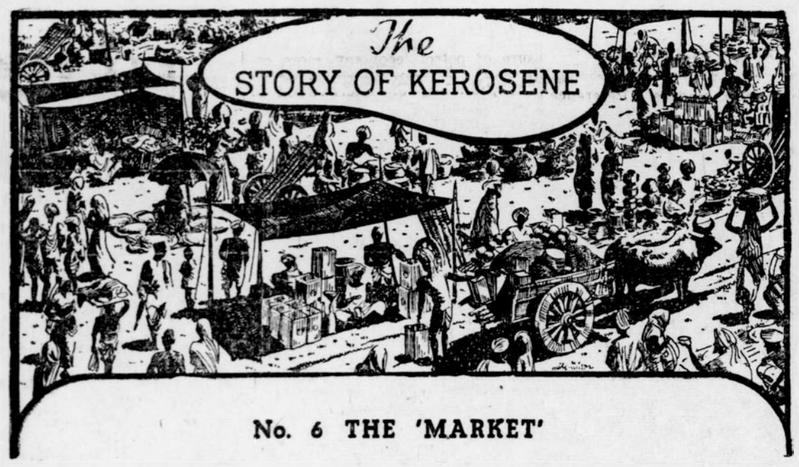

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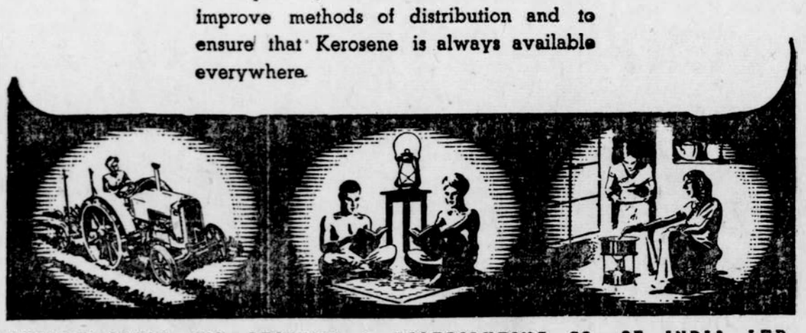

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, 1941

TEXTILE WORKERS' DEMANDS

The increase in the dearness allowance to Bombay textile workers, announced last week by the Bombay Millowners' Association at the instance of Government, is a move in the right direction. But it is in some respects inadequate, as pointed out by Mr. N. M. Joshi in his interview with our representative. The Rangnekar Report, on which the present allowance is based, recommended the payment of a special addition to wages of 2 annas a working day as long as the official cost of living index number fell between 105 and 123, and also recommended that the special allowance should be adjusted if the index number was 124 or more for a consecutive period of three months. The index number reached 126 in July. Though, under the Rangnekar Report this meant that the earliest date from which an increased allowance could be due was from October next, the millowners, after discussions with the Governor and his Advisers, have agreed to waive this waiting period and pay an increased allowance immediately with effect from July. The immediate effect of the new allowance will be that the allowance for the month of July will be Rs. 5-3 for all employees, who have put in a full month's work of 27 days against an allowance of Rs. 3-4 for the month of June. And there will also be a sliding scale of rise for every point of increase till the index reaches 143.

Not Enough

This is certainly good so far as it goes. But it does not go far enough. As the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress points out, the increased allowance "falls far short of what was expected from the previous recommendation of the Board of Conciliation inasmuch as the rate of monthly allowance should have been Rs. 6-8-0 for the cost of living index of 124." The Congress, therefore, urges the Government of Bombay to press the Millowners' Association "to increase the dearness allowance to Rs. 6-8-0 and then to introduce, if necessary, a sliding scale for further increase in the index figure." This point of view is strongly supported by Mr. N. M. Joshi in his interview with our representative. Mr. Joshi pertinently pointed out that the Rangnekar Report itself fell far short of the needs and expectations of the workers and that the workers "had to reconcile themselves to it on account of their helplessness brought about by the sudden arrest of many of the leaders."

Refer To Arbitration

So far we have considered only the question of dearness allowance but the basic wages themselves are most inadequate in the Bombay textile industry, considering the intelligence it requires and the strain involved in it, as also the living conditions in the city. The Textile Labour Inquiry Committee did not exaggerate the position when it stated in its Report: "In all centres and for the large majority of occupations in the cotton textile industry the wages earned to-day are inadequate in relation to a living wage standard. Barring the higher grades of occupations such as those of sizers and warpers and a section of the best-paid weavers in the bigger centres of the industry, earnings in all other occupations fall to come up to the living wage standard. For the large bulk of the workers, indeed, earnings fall far short of the standard." If at any time the wages in Bombay were tolerably adequate they have been, as pointed out in the recent statement issued by the Rashtriya Girni Kamgar Sangh, "brought down in the course of the last ten or twelve years by successive cuts" and now stand "at an unreasonably low level." The Sangh and also the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress have, therefore, demanded an adequate increase in the wages. The Sangh has also demanded the standardisation of the wages and "an adequate lump allowance out of the increased earnings of the industry, apart from the increase in basic wages." These demands cannot be regarded as unreasonable. When in the past similar demands were made, the only plea urged against them was that the industry could not afford to accept them. But, thanks to protection given to it by the State, to the huge war demands and to the considerable reduction in imports of textiles from Britain and Japan, the industry has now a monopoly which, to judge from past experience, it will enjoy for many years more. The present time, therefore, is an excellent opportunity to satisfy the just and long-deferred demands of the textile workers. Prompt and generous response to them will avert serious conflict and help millowners and workers alike. As the workers have, under the guidance of the Rashtriya Girni Sangh, resorted to the machinery provided by the Industrial Disputes Act, as recently amended by the Governor, the latter must refer their demands to the arbitration of the Industrial Court.

Hindustani

Presiding over a meeting at Patna convened to protest against the introduction of a "hybrid language" like Hindustani as the 'lingua franca' of India, Pandit Kesho Prasad, Head of the Department of Hindi, Benares Hindu University, regarded that "Hindustani could not be a proper vehicle for expressing Hindu ideas and culture and consequently it would destroy Hindu civilisation." Somewhat similar remarks have often been made by the opponents of Hindustani in various provinces, who say that Hindustani would destroy their provincial language, culture and civilisation. But all this criticism is based on a misapprehension about the efforts to make Hindustani the 'lingua franca' of India. This language is not at all meant to take the place of provincial languages any more than that English is so meant. All that is proposed is that every Indian should acquire at least a working knowledge of Hindustani, so as to enable him to communicate with all other Indians without the use of English, which is now the 'lingua franca' among the few who form the educated classes and which even these take years to learn. This much attention given to Hindustani is not at all likely to injure any provincial language or culture.

As regards the objection that Hindustani is a hybrid language, it is meant, we believe, that the language has assimilated words from various other languages in which case a "composite language" or some such term is fairer and more accurate than "hybrid" and without the least suggestion of vulgarity. It is the characteristic of a growing language to assimilate words from other languages and thereby to enrich itself. This is not necessarily a sign of weakness. It may be a sign of strength and adaptivity. The borrowed words either fall into disuse or acquire peculiar shade or flavour of their own. Where any words so assimilated by Hindustani do not accurately express any particular Hindu idea, they need not be used for the purpose. But we do not see any sense in the literary purists' objection to the acquiring of a working knowledge of an established Indian language like Hindustani, which is substantially the same as simple and popular Hindi or simple and popular Urdu.

Odessa And Beyond

The Germans have claimed that they have isolated Odessa. It is more than probable that this is very similar to the declaration [illegible] that their men at the gates of Kiev. But even if they do succeed in making good their present claim in subsequent days, it will, we think, not be impossible for the Russians to convert Odessa into a "Tobruk". It will, of course, cease to be a naval base. But the main Russian base is Sebastopol, very difficult to reach by land or sea, and then, the Russians have already prepared alternative bases on the Caucasian coast. As to Odessa being a stage on the way to Crimea or Baku, both, as Reuter's Moscow correspondent points out, are protected by that formidable defence, the immensity of land distances. And the Soviet Navy dominates the Black Sea even more decisively than does the British Navy the Mediterranean.

Frankly Speaking

Petain's "Decisions"

There is little reason now to doubt that Vichy has decided to cast the lot of unfortunate France with that of Germany. The recent declaration of Count de Brinon has been officially implemented in Marshal Petain's announcement. The Marshal has conferred upon Admiral Darlan powers of virtual dictatorship and has plainly proclaimed that his France has gone Fascist. The fact that he admits unrest and opposition to his regime emphasises Vichy's determination to follow the reactionary and anti-French path at any cost. It is possible that Admiral Darlan may not yet take the supreme decision. But the Marshal's announcements constitute a preparation for it. And the U.S.A. and Britain had better approach the problem of France from that point of view. We think that all is not yet lost and that these gallant warriors of France, worshippers of other people's might, may yet keep themselves out of real military mischief, if they are convinced of the might of the democracies But the argument has to be offered not in words but in deeds, say, against the Axis in Libya.

Sensational News

The most sensational news of the day—let us hope it is not worse—comes from Washington to the following effect:—

"After a recount the Army Service Extension Bill was passed (in the House of Representatives) by the breath-taking margin of one vote, voting being 203 to 202.

Some sort of difficulty was certainly anticipated; for instance, Mr. Cordell Hull had pleaded the other day that rejection of the Bill would create an "exceedingly bad" psychological effect on the international situation. But little did one imagine that the House of Representatives would respond to the warning by a margin of just one vote, a House which was supposed to have a comfortable Roosevelt majority.

What It Means

It is a stupendous event and it is only to be hoped that its repercussions on events abroad are not equally so. As it is, the voting will not exactly avert the "exceedingly bad" psychological effect which Mr. Cordell Hull feared. The fact that this has happened in the midst of alarming developments both in the Far East and in Western Europe—we mean France—let alone the Nazi advance in Russia is a clear announcement that so far at any rate as the American House of Representatives is concerned it is so afraid of war that it would avoid it at any cost. It is, of course, a moot question whether these Representatives do represent American public opinion the Gallup Polls, for instance, give a decisively negative answer. But they are in the House and they count. So that the least contribution that their vote is bound to make is to strengthen the hands of Admiral Darlan and Prince Konoye. And that involves further Japanese aggression in the Far East and the present to Herr Hitler of, for the U. S. A. itself, vital French bases in north and north-west Africa. Let us hope we are wrong.

Help Shantiniketan

Gandhiji's appeal for funds in aid of Shantiniketan is none too early and deserves prompt and generous response. When he made a similar appeal some months ago as a memorial to Deenabandhu C. F. Andrews, there was, unfortunately, inadequate response to it, though it had been suggested by the Poet himself. Now the two memorials have practically become one and the funds will all go to the Shantiniketan, which includes the Vishwa Bharati and Shriniketan. Gandhiji's present appeal refers to collections to be made on the 17th instant which is the Shraddha day of the Poet. But contributions may, of course, be made both before and after the date. As suggested by Gandhiji, they may be sent to Messrs. Bachraj and Company, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay.

BATTLE OF THE ATLANTIC

By Admiral SIR LIONEL PRESCOTT, K.C.B. (In a recent B.B.C. talk)

We must never forget the Battle of the Atlantic. It is not a front-page affair. It is too monotonous, too much like routine but it is our battle, our vital one which staying power alone will win.

Hitler realises this well enough. Goebbels is constantly reminding us by stuffing the Luftwaffe with pamphlets of surpassing exaggeration. In this country we are not butchered for reading it before we use it for shaving paper.

★

How is that battle being waged, and what forces are being employed? On the Axis side—I say Axis because Mussolini has pushed in now and again—there are raiders, submarines, bombers big and small, and mines of divers makes, all co-ordinated as one weapon by an astute German Staff. Their policy is attrition; their objective ultimate surrender by reducing vital supplies below the minimum.

★

Let me describe a convoy on passage from, say, North America to a western port in the United Kingdom. Fifty main ships are assembled, flying the flags of a dozen different nations and manned by more than a dozen different nationalities. We find a commodore in charge, more often a retired admiral, who in peace conditions would be enjoying a well-earned pension; or a Captain of the Royal Naval Reserve who would likewise have spent a career of years on the oceans in the merchant navy.

He has organised them as a fleet to steam without lights at night, to keep together in rain, fog or falling snow, acting on orders aimed to cover every conceivable emergency. Well, our convoy sails out like a school of crocodiles and then forms into divisions on a broad front. This simplifies manœuvre.

For protection against raiders there is a stout man-of-war, a few submarines, and as many destroyers and corvettes as can be spared. Of course, each merchant ship has guns to use in defence. Air protection, too, is provided where possible, but a combination of all these weapons is not always certain, because enough of them do not exist.

★

Our most likely enemy in the first half of the journey is the raider. He is of two kinds, big men-of-war and disguised merchantmen. So far it has not been a happy war for the German big fellows in the western ocean.

Two have gone west in a different sense and the five remaining are more or less caught in harbour, licking wounds inflicted by the R.A.F. and the Fleet Air Arm.

The other type, the merchant ship raider, works in positions where cargo ships may be scattered and dare not attack our escorted convoys for fear of getting damaged. They carry mines to drop in unexpected spots, also an aircraft amidships. That aircraft has been known to trail a hook over a would-be dupe to dismantle her wireless and silence her cries.

These cunning raiders make signals to decoy. They fake the navigation lights, hiding their movements and hoist any old ensign, add a funnel or two and use a smoke apparatus to pretend they are coal-burners. But none as yet has been as successful as the old "Emden" of 1914.

★

Our convoy has grouped through fog leaving a straggler or two behind (these will be dead mutton if spotted by an enemy) bumped in and out of a gale and now, several days out is in the U-boat area. We may expect these Frankenstein fish to attack singly submerged by day, but at night one may join with others and rush in at 17 knots on the surface like torpedo boats.

And we may also expect attack by the big Fokker Wolf bombers which feed the U-boats with information of ships' positions. Then from somewhere in Britain we get reports of dangerous areas ahead.

Here is the picture. Dusk falls, lengthened by a heavy cloud, the sea is moderate and the western ocean is trying to appear as beautiful as it can. Some of our destroyers and corvettes are rushing about like shepherd dogs chasing the laggards. Guns are manned, lock-outs doubled. Suddenly, a black speck is seen in the sky. An aircraft comes out of a cloud.

The anti-aircraft guns follow it. We are all keyed up wondering if it is a friend or foe, but in a few seconds it disappears leaving behind a feeling of disappointment and tension. Was it an enemy? Has our position been reported?

★

An hour or so passes. Then the moon gets up lighting the water ahead. The effect of this is to silhouette our ships to anything following us. The hunter always tries to bring his quarry between him and the moon. Silence, except for the rhythm of the engines and the swirl of the waves. Then suddenly the guns fire and hell is let loose. Flames leap beside us from a tanker. It has been torpedoed.

The glow from the blazing oil lights up a second ship listing heavily. Guns are still firing at a distinctive spot on the water which is rapidly disappearing. It is the conning tower of a submarine. You see the massive spray of our escort steaming full out after him. Shortly afterwards, the explosions of depth charges can be heard.

★

But in daylight the convoy continues the voyage homewards with bombers and mines still to circumvent. Finally when we have separated and reached our own particular port we know that the dockers are ready to unload the jewels we have brought. They also understand the battle of the Atlantic.

Ashore the survivors of the sunken ships meet and near them under escort are a few bedraggled, dirty-looking Huns. We leave our ship in a port with the tempo of industry trying to catch up with the tempo of war, and leave her to a non-stop hustle for a quick turn round, having seen enough to realise that this is yet another case of the debt of many owed to few.

★

So much for the enemy's attacks on our ships. How about our attacks on his? In the past month we have sunk by air and submarine about 86 Axis ships, excluding the recent raid on Rotterdam in daylight. This is encouraging for we have many more ships at sea than he dares to put out. Tonnage and merchant losses may diminish. Our ships cover the oceans, his, for the main part, only follow the coast.

And why this increase in sinking of enemy ships? Is is only because our capacity to destroy has become greater? No. The Germans are being forced more and more to use the sea again. The exploitation of occupied countries, the huge demands for 'ersatz' oil and rubber, the ever-extending distances of their armies and the cumulative effect of the bombs of the R.A.F.—these have combined to affect his land transport.

Hitler, therefore, has been driven to face some of our problems at sea. On the other side, the possible expansion of production in our Commonwealth and the United States of America is still immense. Transport depends on shipping. Most things essential for our war effort are carried in ships.

AHMEDABAD SUBURBS INUNDATED

Rescue Parties At Work: Floods Begin To Subside

AHMEDABAD, August 13.

Ten persons are reported to have been drowned in a serious flood caused in the city at midnight by the rising waters of the Sandesh.

The flood water, after overflowing the banks of the river, entered Polidi and other villages. Some of the Housing Societies are under water, and about 200 residents have been completely marooned.

Madhupura, Tumkur and Pankore Naka localities were also inundated. Madhupura being in danger.

Traffic on both bridges has been suspended, and the Ellis Bridge is completely cut off from the city. The flood is now gradually subsiding.—United Press

1927 Record Beaten

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 13.

The flood in the Sabarmati has beaten 1927 record by two feet, water having reached as far as Panker Naka on the one side, and almost all the new housing societies in Ellis Bridge area on the other. While flood water is subsiding in all parts of the city Dudheshwar area is still under seven to eight feet of water.

While the surrounding area was flooded, a fire broke out in a room of the Jupiter Mill. It was immediately put out although fire brigade did not reach the Mill on account of flood.—A. P.

Workers' Chawls Submerged

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 13.

Several chawls of mill workers on Dudheshwar Road were completely submerged. Four mills situated on this road stopped work. In Jupiter Mills water was four feet deep.

Rescue parties were sent to this area to rescue the mill workers.—United Press.

Relief Work In Progress

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 13.

Details about the sudden floods in the river Sabarmati now available show that the river rose 28 feet. Water entered the city and the main road upto Pindornaka was under knee-deep water.

Water entered the Raikhad mills also and the work in the mills had to be suspended for some time. The parade ground was converted into a miniature lake.

A number of cattle are reported to have been drowned. Some people are also, it is feared, drowned, but confirmation is not available.

The floods have now considerably subsided. The authorities and Congress workers are rendering help to the sufferers.—United Press.

FRESH BREACHES ON B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

As a result of fresh breaches on the main B. B. and C. I. Railway line the Up and Down Gujerat Mail was cancelled today. The Kathiawar Mail will run between Bombay and Nadiad. Other slow passenger trains will run between Bombay and Baroda only.

MORAIYA-BAVLA LINE BREACHED

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 13.

Due to heavy floods, line between Moraiya and Bavla on Ahmedabad Dhandhuka section of B. B. and C. I. Railway has been breached.

'Up' trains from Dholka will terminate at Bavla and 'Down' trains from Ahmedabad at Moraiya, transshipment is not possible.—A. P.

CONCENTRATION CAMP FOR DUTCH EX-MINISTERS

LONDON, August 13.

Two more former Dutch Ministers have been arrested and sent to a concentration camp by the Germans, according to well-informed Dutch circles in London.

They are He De Wilde, former Chancellor of the Exchequer and He Van Dyck, former Defence Minister. They are now lodged in the same concentration camp as the former premier Dr. Colijn.—Reuter.

Congress To Contest Aney's Seat

WARDHA, August 13.

The Berar Provincial Congress, it appears may contest the by-election to the Central Legislature Assembly when the seat of Mr. M. S. Aney is declared vacant.—A. P.

Help Shantiniketan

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Let me heartily congratulate you upon your being the first to make a very practicable and concrete suggestion "to every High School and College in India," whereby to help to raise funds in support of Shantiniketan and Shriniketan and whereby to contribute to the fittest and noblest monument of Dr. Tagore's sacred memory. Your suggestion has an added merit. Its content is its high educative value to the rising generation on whom the Poet's writing, if staged, must leave a more lasting impression.

Since, however, your suggestion even if accepted instantly by various educational institutions in the country must inevitably involve a good deal of delay, I venture to suggest that the high reverential awe of thousands of men and women roused by the Poet's lamented departure must find an immediate and worthy expression. We have also before us appeals for funds by Gandhiji and Jawaharlal Nehru.

Would it, therefore, be too much to expect of every institution, public or private—social, political or cultural—which owes to a more or less degree its inspiration to that embodiment of all art, culture and national ideals of social and political freedom, namely to Dr. Tagore, to arrange in its own respective sphere—theatrical performances and send the day's proceeds towards a Tagore's Memorial Fund?

Every cinema and drama theatre in India would not, I think, hesitate in setting apart the day's earning for strengthening the source of all art, that is Shantiniketan. Similarly under the guidance of public men, under the auspices of various institutions similar performances be arranged and the funds swelled.—Yours, etc.,

D. H. BUCH.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

His Majesty's Ambassador stated that in view of the anti-Russian propaganda by Germany, His Majesty's Government and the Soviet Government have considered it right to reaffirm categorically their attitude towards Turkey in order that the Turkish Government may be under no delusion in the formation of their own policies towads Great Britain and the Soviet Union.

—Ankara Message

* * * *

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has called for holding public meetings next Sunday "to repeat the condemnation of the Communal Award and separate communal electorates."

What is the latest urgent provocation?

* * *

"Mr. Jinnah and those who think like him sincerely believe that Indian nationhood is a fiction....." etc. etc.

—Anglo-India

Or rather "Mr. Jinnah and those who talk like him....."

* * *

A Peshawar report says that the Afghan National Bank has converted all its currencies and stocks into dollars.

The Almighty Dollar!

* * *

Thus the great Marshal of Vichy: Parliamentary democracy is dead in France.

Long live Marshal Petain—with whom is incorporated his ghost the Seven-Star Admiral Darlan.

* * * *

The gallant Marshal began his broadcast by saying that he had grave things to tell the people.

It was in both senses of the word "grave."

* * *

U. S. ACCUMULATING FOODSTUFFS

Helping World After War Headlines.

Any thing for peace at the present, eh?

* * *

Talking of the U.S.A., Senator George, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, hinted darkly that in the event of further aggression south or north, the U.S.A. "might possibly sever commercial relations with Japan."

We suspected—and the Japanese hoped—so.

* * * *

The American House of Representatives has passed the Army Service Bill by "the breath-taking margin of one vote."

We are still gasping for breath

* * *

According to the Tokyo organ of the Foreign office "Japan and the Soviet Union are conducting their affairs in an atmosphere of quiet trust and accommodation."

So were Germany and the Soviet Union.

* * *

"The nature of yesterday's interview between the British Ambassador in Tokio and the Japanese Foreign Minister, remains a close secret."

—Reuter

Hullo! What's that?

* * * *

The determined-looking woman marched into the library and asked for a nice book.

"Something light?" asked the assistant.

"It doesn't need to be too light. My husband's outside and he can carry it home for me!"

AIR CRASH VICTIMS

Bodies Of All Killed Recovered

LONDON, Aug. 13.

The bodies of all the 22 passengers and crew killed in the Transoceanic plane crash on a hillside on Sunday have been recovered last night. Eight of the victims were British and among them was Captain E. R B. White, well-known as an Imperial Airways master pilot, aged 37 and an expert on ice formation problems.

Most of the others were Canadians some of them ferry pilots returning to the United States to fly more bombers across the Atlantic. A number of Americans were also on board.—Reuter.

NOT A WORD FROM ROOSEVELT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.

For the fourth day, the capital has been without a word of President Roosevelt's whereabouts.

The Navy Department has no comment to make on the Potomac's silence.—Reuter

Cut In New Defence Appropriation Bill

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.

A reduction of some 1234 billion dollars in the new Defence Appropriation bill of 8063 million dollars (2015 millions sterling, was voted by the Senate Appropriations Committee to-day Wednesday Reuter.

Soviet Airmen Destroy Danube Bridge

BULGARIAN DIVISIONS FOR EASTERN FRONT?

Nazis Claim Advance In Ukraine And Baltic

LONDON, August 13.

Soviet airmen destroyed one of the biggest and most strategically important bridges in the world, according to a supplement to the Soviet 'communique.' It is the Rumanian bridge across the Danube near Chernovody, a hundred miles from the Black Sea Port of Constanza The bridge is 1,700 metres long, and carries all the railway communications between important industrial centres in Rumania and the Black Sea coast, as well as the oil pipe line.

GERMANY HAS DEMANDED FROM BULGARIA THAT SHE SHOULD SEND TWO DIVISIONS TO THE EASTERN FRONT IN THE GUISE OF VOLUNTEERS, SAYS A MOSCOW REPORT.

SOVIET COMMUNIQUE
Nazis' 'Psychic Tactics' Prove Futile

A Soviet communique issued this (Wednesday) morning says "during the night of August 12. nothing of importance took place on the front. Our air force in co-operation with land forces struck blows at enemy mechanised units and infantry on the battlefield and at his aerodromes. During August 11th, three groups of German air force tried to attack Leningrad, but were repulsed by our anti-aircraft guns and our air force. Three enemy planes were brought down.

"The battle of annihilation" lasted for more than three days.

In the course of fighting, the Nazis attempted to carry out a "psychic attack." Doped soldiers of two battalions of the 138th infantry regiment marched in formation on Russian positions. The "psychological" manoeuvre however failed to impress the Soviet forces who allowed the Nazis to approach before opening concentrated machine-gun fire from close range. Hundreds of wounded and dead Germans were left on the battlefield.

In the whole fighting, the German lost 7,500 dead and wounded fifteen tanks and a quantity of other arms, concludes the Soviet Announcement.

EXTERMINATION OF "S. S. MEN"
How Soviet Will Settle Accounts With Hitler

MOSCOW, August 13.

By estimating at 300,000 the number of Pretorian Guard who "shared in all the crimes of the Hitler Gang" Mr. Lozovsky, Vice-Chief of the Information Bureau, laid down an important principle for post-war reconstruction and the settlement of accounts with Hitler Germany.

This figure does not imply that there are not many others guilty of active co-operation in Hitler's worst outrages. But the extermination of "s s men"—the backbone the Gestapo and the concentration camp system and Hitler fanaticism—is a preliminary for reasonable talks with the German people.

Illustrating the point Mr. Lozovsky said that when a German bomber crashed near Moscow and the crew of four was captured, three with characteristic opportunism denounced the fourth as an s s man, thus implying that they deserved a less harsh treatment.—

The 68th German Division was annihilated after a long battle, the Soviet Information Bureau announced.—Reuter.

NAZI CLAIMS

BERLIN, August 13.

The German High Command Communique claims, that in southern Ukraine, German Infantry Divisions and Mobile Troops and their Allies pursued the Russians retreating to the harbours of the Black Sea. In the sharp pursuit, adds the communique they inflicted great losses on the Soviet Rearguard which were engaged in battle. The Communique also says that strong bomber formations last night bombed important railway junctions in the area west of Moscow.—Reuter.

LORD WILLINGDON'S FUNERAL

LONDON, Aug. 13.

Lord Willingdon's funeral will be held privately on Friday, when the body will be cremated. A memorial service will be held probably at Westminster Abbey next week.—Reuter.

VON PAPEN FOR BERLIN

LONDON, Aug. 13.

The Paris Radio states the German Ambassador to Turkey Von Papen left for Berlin.—Reuter.

Indian Troops Were Bulwark Of Egypt's Defence

Wavell's Tributes To Brilliant Campaigns In Africa And Mid-East

INDIA'S C.-IN-C. SAYS ALL THESE BATTLES WERE FOR 'DEFENCE OF INDIA'

SIMLA, Aug. 14.

The following is the text of the broadcast delivered by H.E. Gen. Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander-in-Chief, at the Simla Studio of All-India Radio on Wednesday, August 13:—

"In this, my first broadcast in India, I propose to begin by assuming again for a few minutes my late role as Commander-in-Chief of the Middle East, and in that capacity to render thanks to my two predecessors, Generals Cassels and Auchinleck, to the Indian Army, and to the Indian people, for all the invaluable aid and support I received from them during the two years I was in Command in the Middle East.

TRIBUTES TO INDIAN TROOPS

"For more than a year after the outbreak of war, the 4th Indian Division with the 7th Armoured Division formed the main, almost the only, bulwark of the defence of Egypt on the West;

and it was these two divisions that in the beginning of December last year won the battle of Sidi Barrani, destroying five Italian Divisions.

BRILLIANT CAMPAIGNS

"Meanwhile the 5th Indian Division had been sent to reinforce the Sudan, where a tiny garrison of three British battalions and the Sudan Defence Force, without a single gun or armoured vehicle, had for several months been facing the large Italian armies in Eritrea nd Abyssinia. Directly the battle of Sidi Barrani was won, I sent the 4th Indian Division to join the 5th in the Sudan. These two divisions with the support of Sudanese troops carried out that brilliant campaign in Eritrea and Abyssinia, of which Agordat, Barentu, Keren, Asmara, Massawa and Amba Alagi mark the stages and victories.

"Meanwhile an Indian Motor Brigade had been doing most gallant work in helping to stem the German counter-attack in Cyrenaica. It suffered heavy losses at Machili, but, its resistance there and later at Tobruk was of very great value. Since then, the 4th Indian Division, its work in East Africa completed, has been engaged in the Western Desert and in Syria, and in both theatres has again made a great contribution to success and has enhanced the reputation of Indian troops.

IN IRAQ AND SYRIA

Further, when the situation in Iraq suddenly became critical last April, it was troops from India who helped to restore our position there and who subsequently assisted our occupation of Syria.

"By this brief summary you will see how great a part troops from India, British and Indian, have played in the Middle East. And India has sent not only men but great quantities of material. On behalf of the Middle East I once more thank India for her efforts.

"Apart from the question of actual operations, the presence of Indian troops in the Middle East has been of great benefit in their establishing a comradeship in arms with the troops of other parts of the Empire, practically all of whom were represented in Middle East. I know also that the good discipline and fine bearing of the Indian troops has made a most favourable impression on the Egyptians.

PROPORTION OF CASUALTIES

"Having said so much in well-deserved praise of the Indian troops, I feel I ought to correct two impressions that you may perhaps have gained from what I have said. You may think that the Indian troops have been called on to do an unfair proportion of the fighting and to have thus borne an undue proportion of casualties. This is not so. Actually the highest proportion of losses in the Middle East campaigns, so far, has been British, both in total and in proportion to strength their losses have been higher than either Indian or Australian and New Zealand. The Indian Army casualties, in fact, totalled between November, 1940, and June of this year, 15 per cent of the total our forces suffered in the Middle East, and as you know, the great majority of that number fortunately came under the heading of "slightly wounded."

He Says It Was For 'Defence Of India'

"Secondly, you may think that India in sending her troops so far abroad has been fighting battles that do not closely concern her own safety and defence. I can assure you that both as Commander-in-Chief, Middle East, and Commander-in-Chief, India, I have never had the least doubt that the defence of Egypt, Palestine and our whole position in the Middle East was the defence of India.

India's military advisers here have been wise in fighting the battle for the Defence of India at as great a distance from the frontiers of India as possible, especially in these days of air power. Egypt, Palestine, Aden, Iraq, Malaya, are bulwarks of India's defence and the campaign in East Africa was fought mainly to secure the line of communications between India and Middle East. It is because the enemy has been kept at a distance that India has continued to enjoy immunity from air-raids or invasion from which so many other countries have suffered. Similarly, therefore, our future efforts must continue to prevent the enemy, wherever possible, from getting within striking distance of this country.

INDIA'S WAR EFFORT

"I have been less than one month in India, to which I return after 33 years' absence, so you will not expect me to say much about India at present. I have had time to pay a visit to two of the military Commands, Northern and Western, to inspect the Frontier defences in those commands, and to see quite a number of units of the Indian army at work and training. I am very impressed with what I have seen of India's war effort, about which I also learn daily in my work at General Headquarters. Already nearly three quarters of a million of India's man-power are under arms and recruits are flowing into training depots as far as we can provide for them, while modern equipment and weapons on the necessary scale are now coming both from India's factories and from overseas India is making a big contribution not only to her own defence but to the defeat of the greatest menace to freedom and progress that has appeared in the world for very many years.

QUOTES SMUTS

I should like to quote to you in conclusion some words of one of the greatest and wisest men now living, Field Marshal Smuts. He ended a letter to me recently by wishing me fortune "in the fight against the greatest effort ever made to enslave the human soul and to bring a blight on this fair world."—A. P.

Extensive R. A. F. Raids On Axis Territory

BERLIN BOMBED: ATTACK ON TOBRUK CHEMICAL WORKS AT CROTONNE, A MASS OF FLAMES

LONDON, August 13.

The R. A. F. bombed chemical works at Crotonne in southern Italy on Monday leaving the whole objective a mass of flames.

R.A.F. raids on Derna, Bardia, Benghazi and Tripoli are mentioned in an Italian 'communique' issued on Wednesday.

Targets in Berlin, Magdeburg, Hanover, Essen and other places were raided in the R.A.F.'s attacks on Germany on Tuesday night which were again on a heavy scale despite bad weather, it is learned in London.

BERLIN BOMBED

To Magdeburg, Hanover and Essen, are now added Statin, Kiel, Bremen, Osnabruck, Duisburg and Cologne among the places bombed by the R.A.F. last night. Probably owing to the bad weather, the attack on Berlin was not on such a big scale as some of the previous raids, but it is nevertheless understood that a heavy load of bombs was dropped on the capital.

DOCKS AND AERODROMES ATTACKED

Objectives were also bombed at many other places in Germany including Statin, Kiel Bremen, Osnabruck, Duisburg and Cologne. Aerodromes in Holland and docks at Le Havre were also attacked. From all these operations, 13 bombers are missing. Fighter command aircraft attacked enemy aerodromes in the occupied territory.

Aircraft of the Coastal Command on patrol off the Norwegian coast during the night attacked shipping in harbours and an aerodrome.

Air Activity Over Britain

Enemy activity over Britain last night was on a small scale, states an Air Ministry 'communique'. Bombs were dropped at a number of points in the Midlands and in the east of England. Little damage was done anywhere and the number of casualties is very small.—Reuter.

Situation At Tobruk Quiet

CAIRO, Aug. 13.

The British Middle East 'communique' issued to-day states: "Libya: Except for bombing raids by the enemy, the situation at Tobruk yesterday was quiet. Frontier Area:—Our mechanised patrols sighted patrols of enemy armoured fighting vehicles which withdrew before they could be engaged".

Military Buildings Demobilised

CAIRO, Aug. 13.

A Middle East "communique" states:—R. A. F. bombers attacked several objectives in Cyrenaica during Monday night. Blenheims bombed both landing grounds and the dispersal area at Gazala.

Cloud prevented accurate results. At Bardia military buildings were bombed and set on fire and at Derna the mole was straddled. R.A.F. bombers on Monday successfully attacked chemical works at Crotonne in southern Italy.

Many direct hits were caused and there was great damage to storage tanks and containers and the whole objective was a mass of flames when the aircraft left. Other bombers attacked and demolished military buildings at Cariati. Enemy aircraft flew over Malta on Monday night and dropped bombs which did a small amount of damage. Our fighters intercepted and shot down two enemy planes. The same night our bombers made a long raid on Tripoli harbour where harbour buildings were destroyed and a persistent fire was started near the Power House.—Reuter.

Two Power Stations In Cologne Destroyed

LONDON, Aug. 13.

Flying across Belgium and Germany sometimes less than 100 feet from the ground, six squadrons of Blenheim bombers bombed two great Cologne Power Stations at pointblank range in the R.A.F.'s biggest very day raid on Germany on Tuesday.

It was the highlight in a series of operations which began in the early morning and lasted until late in the day, including waves of fighter-bomber sorties.

Turkish Cabinet Ministers Entertained

ANKARA, Aug. 13.

Sir Hughe Knatchbull Hugessen, British Ambassador in Turkey entertained Mr. Sarajoglu, Foreign Minister, and four other Cabinet Ministers on Wednesday night.—Reuter.

2 NAZI TRANSPORTS DESTROYED

4 Torpedo Boats & 43 Planes Blown Up

LONDON, August 13.

German planes attempted a raid on Moscow to-night but were prevented from reaching the Soviet capital by anti-air-craft fire and night fighters, says the Moscow raido.

Following is text of a Soviet communique broadcast by the Moscow radio at 23-45 (G.M.T.) "During August 12 nothing of importance occurred on the front.

Our air force in co-operation with land forces dealt blows on enemy infantry and mechanised units.

"41 German aeroplanes were destroyed on August 11 our losses are 34 planes.

"The number of German planes brought down in a raid on Moscow on August 11 is two.

"The warships and airmen of the Baltic fleet destroyed four enemy torpedo boats and two enemy transports on August 11."—

In the Soviet air raid on Berlin during the night of August 11/12 says the Moscow radio high explosive and incendiary bombs were dropped. All Russian planes returned to their bases.

A Russian bomber reported to be missing on the previous night was traced and has now also returned.

Nothing Of Importance On Soviet Fronts

A Soviet communique announces that there is nothing of importance on all fronts.—Reuter.

SERIOUS CLASH IMMINENT?

TASK OF "ADMINISTRATION COMMISSIONERS"

VICHY:—"Administrative commissioners" provided for by the new law of August 11th will function under the direct authority of the Vice-President of the Council (Darlan), states the official French News Agency. Their principal task will be to suppress abuses, and see that the law is carried out in the spirit of the national revolution. They have power temporarily to suspend civil servants. Military and diplomatic questions, with the exception of action arising from the courts, lie outside the scope of their functions, adds the News Agency.

SERIES CLASH IMMINENT?

NEW YORK:—"A serious clash of authority between General Weygand and Admiral Darlan may be expected within the next 48 hours, following Darlan's assumption of post of Minister for National Defence", states the 'New York Times', quoting reports "from European centres."

"BELGIUM MARU" LEAVES CAPETOWN

Writ Of Security For 26 Millions Lifted

CAPE TOWN, August 13.

The Japanese ship "Belgium Maru" left here today.

The writ of attachment granted against her by the Supreme Court on July 30 has first been lifted.

The writ was granted on behalf of a group of merchants as security for the delivery of Cargo valued at 26 millions sterling, which it was feared might not be brought to port owing to the international situation.—Reuter.

SOVIET-JAP. RELATIONS PERFECTLY CORDIAL

TOKYO, Aug 12.

"Japan and the Soviet Union are conducting their affairs in an atmosphere of quiet trust and accommodation", writes to-days "Japan Times", the organ of the Japanese Foreign Office.

The paper refers to the "repeated denials" by Lozovsky, the Soviet spokesman, which "should convince the world that Soviet-Japanese relations are not complicated by any ultimatum or demands."—Reuter.

Nazi Threat To Soviet Communications

LONDON, Aug. 13.

Military commentary by "Annalist":— "No material change has taken place in Russia's far flung battle front, but the situation in the Ukraine has admittedly deteriorated in Southern Ukraine.

On all other sectors, a grim struggle is continuing without marked advantage for either side. The only other progress claimed by Germany is north of Lake Peipus, where unconfirmed reports allege that they have reached the Baltic Sea, thus cutting off communications with Tallinn.

THREAT TO COMMUNICATIONS.

If true, this would mean that an important pocket of resistance was in the being on their left flank and would constitute a threat to their communications. Tallinn itself is well defended and with Hango on the opposite side of the Gulf of Kronstadt gives Russia complete command of those narrow waters. If Tallinn fell, the position of Hango would also be seriously compromised. There has been no change around Murmansk in the north or Kiev in the South, but the German drive to cut off Odessa and Nicolaiv is making headway.

It is improbable, however, that the Germans have switched their main offensive in this direction. It is thought that they may be trying to curb Russian re-inforcements on this region, while they renew their real offensive against Moscow.

The Russians have probably not very large numbers of troops in this region, because while they hold the control of the Black Sea, there would seem to be little prospect of the Germans pushing their advance too far to the east. Still if the Germans get to the Dneiper, and they have still a long way to go, they will be getting perilously close to the Don Coal basin, an important centre of Soviet industry.

Odessa is believed to be well fortified, especially from the sea and the Russian fleet is in supreme control of the Black Sea. To sum up, the threat to Odessa seems closer to-day, but it should be realised that the German objectives were not Odessa but Moscow, Leningrad, and Kiev.—Reuter

ALL POLISH PRISONERS IN RUSSIA RELEASED

MOSCOW, August 13.

All Polish citizens at present in prison in Soviet territory, whether as prisoners of war or on other grounds have been granted amnesty by a decree on Tuesday.—Reuter.

British Convoy Reaches America Safe

MONTE VIDEO, Aug. 13.

A British convoy of six large ships arrived safely in the River Plate on Tuesday.

Its safe arrival is acclaimed by the Press as a proof that Britain rules the Atlantic.

The ships will return to the United Kingdom with cargoes of meat and other foodstuffs.—Reuter.

Fresh Fetters For Released Editor

PESHAWAR, August 13.

Mr. Bakshi Faqirchand, Editor of "Rai-Amma", who till recently was a prisoner under the Defence of India Rules and unconditionally released by the Provincial Government, has been served with a notice by the Chief Secretary to the Government forbidding him to move beyond the districts of Peshawar, Mardan and Hazara or to take part in any political work.

He has been further asked to report to the Police on his arrival in other cities.—United Press.

STALIN PLAYS TRUMP CARD

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, August 13.

The Foreign Editor of the "Daily Express", Mr. Charles Foley, writes:

With the full backing of Britain, Stalin has played the trump card in a diplomatic battle for Iran, the corner-stone of the Middle East, the situation of which can become either a channel for British and American supplies to Russia or part of the Nazi wedge to divide Russia from the Middle East and the Middle East from India. He has called the attention of Iran's Ruler, Shah Rizakhan Pahlevi, to the long-forgotten treaty of 1921, under which the Soviet Army is entitled to march across the Iranian frontier to-morrow, if Kremlin so decides. While neither Britain nor Russia wishes to occupy Iran, neither country will hesitate to act if the "Fifth Column" which has been tolerated by the Shah is not turned out.

LONDON, Aug. 13.

Civilian air-raid casualties in the United Kingdom during July totalled 501 killed and 447 injured, states the Ministry of Home Security.—Reuter.

SMOLENSK AS DEAD AS POMPEII

ZURICH, August 12.

"Smolensk is a dead city like Pompeii".

That is how one eye-witness sums up his impression of the town which the Germans have won at a heavy cost after weeks of bitter fighting, says the Berlin correspondent of the "National Zeitung".

Accounts published in the German press show that Smolensk is completely destroyed.

When the first German advance units reached the city they had to withdraw owing to the intense heat from the burning houses.

After the Germans entered the town, the Russians opened heavy artillery barrage from the Smolensk aerodrome which remained in their hands for several days.

The correspondent adds "German military circles confirm that the population is still putting up armed resistance in many places and trying to destroy the remaining houses and stocks of grain in the German rear.

The German army is punishing with savage severity the slightest counter-movement by the civil population".

The Nazis have appointed a White Russian lawer as the Mayor of the ruined city.—Reuter.

Condolences From Mauritius

CALCUTTA, Aug. 13.

A telegram from Mauritius received here to-day, states that the Indian community in Mauritius and their friends with the Socite Ecrivains Mauriciens (Society of Writers in Mauritius) Cercle Litteraire Port Louis (Circle of Litterateurs in Port Louis) and the Indian Culturals Association in Mauritius, assembled in a public meeting on August 11 and passed a condolence resolution bemoaning the death of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore.—A. P.

Two Athletes Killed In Eastern Front

LONDON, Aug. 13.

Two well-known athletes. Tuominen, a Finnish long distance runner and W. Leichum, a German long jumper have been killed in action on the Eastern Front, according to reports reaching London.

Tuominen finished second in 3.000 metres Steeplechase at the Olympic games in Berlin in 1936 and Leichum finished an equal fourth in the Olympic long jump championship the same year.—Reuter.

Gazdar Meets Jinnah

HYDERABAD (Dn.), August 12.

Mr. M. H. Gazdar, Mayor of Karachi, who has arrived in Hyderabad on his way to Ceylon to attend the All-India, Burma and Ceylon Mayors' Conference at Colombo on August 18 and 19, had an interview with Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the Muslim League, regarding the proposed disciplinary action to be taken against the Muslim Leaguers who have joined the Viceroy's Executive Council and the National Defence Council, at the forthcoming meeting of the Working Committee of the League. They also discussed the present political situation in Sind.

The Mayor of Karachi also met Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung, President of the State Muslim League, and acquainted him with the facts about alleged dissensions among Muslim League members at Jodhpur. He inspected the Osmania University and was pleased to note harmony between Muslim and Hindu students living together.

Mr. Gazdar leaves for Colombo to-morrow 'via' Madras, where he will be presented with an address by the Corporation. He is reeaching Colombo on August 17.—United Press.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Wandering down Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, I chanced to step into the new Cottage Industries shop and was amazed at the wonderful production of the villages of this country. The Government Department of Industries must be congratulated on their new angle of approach, viz., to present these beautiful handiwork of the cottage industries in as attractive a manner as possible. When displayed as they are in this shop, these articles which are "Swadeshi" make a great appeal to the buyer and are a great inducement to the buyer to look in, as I did. Shirtings exquisitely designed were a revelation and whereas hitherto everything that was Swadeshi was attractive chiefly because of its sentimental and patriotic value, it is now attractive by itself. Government should not only concentrate on finding for this shop a clientele wholly Indian, but should advertise with a view to bringing to it the more wealthy and cosmopolitan class of buyers also. To smartly dressed men who want material that looks as good as linen and which is incredibly cheap, I would recommend a visit to this shop. To women looking for saries such as I've seldom seen at the Taj and at the haunts of society, I would say: "Here is all the beauty you can ever want —why don't you give this shop a chance".

* * * *

Listening in to the Governor's broadcast last night on A.R.P., I was a trifle disappointed at the approach to a subject which is and should be of first rate importance to those who have any conception of what happens in an air-raid. His Excellency's broadcast was too carefully worded and carefully-guarded. Couched in the language of a solicitor drafting a plaint, it could hardly make that appeal to the average man or make him realise the necessity of paying attention to the A.R.P. But this is the mistake made by all Government departments. If Government want anything done, then no Government official must ever speak. Let some of the people talk to themselves about the dangers. Let Indians try and convince Indians about these dangers. There is more chance of something happening than there is now. His Excellency said over the air that he welcomed criticism which is helpful. Sir, we young men have so often tried to help and help, but there is no one there to listen. Someday, I'll sit down, when this war is over and write the story of those who tried to help in this war of 1939.

* * * *

And while His Excellency appeals to organisations to co-operate, he will be interested to know that officialdom has in the case of a certain very large concern, (who built up an A.R.P. organisation of its own), disliked the idea that anything should exist apart from the official organisation. The enthusiasm of workers has been damped. If I could reveal the name of the organisation concerned and the individuals whose enthusiasm has been been damped, His Excellency would get an idea of the feeling of those who tried to help—an idea which he can never get through the usual official channels. Give us the air, I say and you'll have an A.R.P. such as you'll never be able to raise yourself. This is not an appeal. This is a challenge.

Military Accounts Committee

SIMLA, August 13.

The Military Accounts Committee of the Central Legislative Assembly met to-day Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member presiding.

The meeting is expected to conclude to-morrow.—A. P.

Mahatma's Appeal For Shradha Day Of Gurudev

Complete Deenabandhu Memorial Conceived By Poet Before Starting Special Memorial For Tagore

WARDHA, August 12.

Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following statement:—

"17th instant is the Shraddha Day of Gurudev. Those who attach religious significance to the Shraddha ceremony will no doubt fast for the day by abstaining from food altogether or confining themselves only to fruits, and devote themselves to prayer. The prayer may be individual or congregational. Every city and every village which has partaken of Gurudev's uplifting message delivered through his writings and lived in his life will meet at an hour best suited to them and contemplate the noble life and dedicate themselves for the country's service

"Gurudev stood for peace and goodwill. He knew no communal barriers. I, therefore, hope that all sections will join together in observing the solemn day and promote communal harmony.

"I would like all further to remember that the bulk of the Deenabandhu Memorial still remains to be collected. Sad to say, it has also becoming Gurudev's Memorial, for the simple reason that collections of the Memorial are to be solely devoted to the upkeep and expansion of Santiniketan, which includes the Viswa-Bharati and Sriniketan. This does not exclude a separate and special memorial for 'Gurudev', but it would be a mockery even to think of one before the memorial conceived by Gurudev himself has been fulfilled. It would be a fitting finish to the solemn day if the workers and organisers make it a point to collect for the memorial and send them to Messrs. Bachraj and Company, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay" —United Press.

Bombay Women To Mourn Tagore's Death

B. P. C. C. TO OBSERVE 'SHRADH' DAY

A public meeting of the women of Bombay has been called to mourn the death of late poet Rabindranath Tagore, under the joint auspices of the Bombay Women's Association, the Bombay Presidency Women's Council, the Bhagini Samaj, the Bhatia Stree Mandal, the Gujrati Hindu Stree Mandal, the Gurjar Ladies Social Club, the Gandhi Seva Sena, the Fort Hindu Stree Mandal, the Seva Sadan, the Vanita Vishram and the Matunga Gujrati Stree Mandal to-day (Thursday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Vithalbhai Patel Road, in the hall of the Gujrati Hindu Stree Mandal. Mrs. Shardaben Mehta will preside at the meeting and Pandit Bhimrao Shastri and Shriyut Pinakin, will sing the prayers written by Tagore.

B.P.C.C.'s Programme For "Shradh" Day

The President, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee writes:

The Shraddha Day of Gurudeo Dr. Rabindranath Tagore—falls on Sunday, the 17th instant and in accordance with the wishes of Mahatma Gandhi expressed in this behalf, the day will be observed in the City of Bombay by holding a prayer meeting, under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, at the People's Jinnah Hall, near Congress House, at 6-30 P.M. (S.T.) Mr. Mahadeo Desai will address the meeting and conduct the prayer. Sjt. Dhirajlal B. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C. will preside.

Meeting Of Santiniketanites

The past students and teachers of Santiniketan will assemble today (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Fellowship School, Gowalia Tank, to pay their respects to the memory of Gurudev. Those associated with Vishvabharati are cordially invited to join.

PARLE SAHITYA SABHA'S CONDOLENCE

Under the auspices of Vile Parle Sahitya Sabha a meeting held on Sunday last mourned the death of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore.

CONDOLENCE MEETING IN UMRETH

Under the auspices of the Umreth Youth League, a meeting of the citizens of Umreth, was held in honour of Dr. Tagore. Mr. Vyas presided. Mr. Shivprasad G. Shelat the president of the Umreth Youth League moved a resolution of condolence which was passed unanimously with prayers at the end of the meeting.

KHALSA COLLEGE CONDOLENCE

A meeting of the Staff and Students of Khalsa College held on Saturday last under the Presidentship of Mrs. Lilavati Munshi passed a resolution on the demise of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore.

AT 3 ARTS LUNCHEON

A 3 Arts Luncheon was held at Purohit's. Atiya Begum recalled the visit of Tagore to the 3 Arts and requested a moment of silence in respect to his memory. Mrs. Nimbkar gave a humorous sketch of the Molly Coddle jumble of education in India. Atiya Begum announced a 3 Arts Porto Rico Pot Pourri Varieties on Wednesday the 20th, August at the Taj at 6 p.m. conducted by Andrade and led by Olivia—Indian songs by Noormohammad and Bhagwat.

AT MARWADI CLUB

A meeting of the members of the Marwadi Club, Matunga, (Bombay) condoled the sad demise of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore.

AT MURARI LAL KHATTRI HIGH SCHOOL, AGRA

The students and the staff of Murari Lal Khattri High School for Girls, Agra, condoled the sad demise of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore by passing a resolution.

KHAR MEETING'S CONDOLENCE

Under the joint auspices of the Residents' Association, the Laxmi Nagar Housing Society, the Pathare Prabhunagar Housing Society and A.I. Women's conference (Khar-Santa Cruz Branch) a public meeting was held at Khar on Sunday last. Prof. V. G Rao presided.

Prof. Bhagwat, Swami Sambudhanand of Ramkrishna Mission Mr. Jhabvala (M.L.A) Mr. V. M. Mehta and Mr. H. G. Anjaria were among the speakers. The Condolence resolution was moved by Prof. P. M. Trivedi and was seconded by Mrs. Jhabvala and was passed all standing.

MARWARI CHAMBER'S TRIBUTE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Under the joint auspices of the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce, Marwari Sammelan and the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, a condolence meeting was held in the hall of the Chamber at Kalbadevi Road on Wednesday evening when Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal Motilal presided.

In the course of his speech the Chairman paid glowing tributes to the late Dr. Tagore as though the Poet had departed, he still lives in his immortal works. His name will be perpetuated in the Vishwabharati, founded by him.

Apart from being a great ideal of cementing international Brotherhood, the Poet was a great patriot and a lover of freedom too. The greatest living memorial to which the Poet devoted most of his time, energy and earnings was the great institution known as Santiniketan. "As lovers of the Poet our duty is to help the great institution founded by him in order to perpetuate his memory."

Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, who spoke next said that the death of Gurudev Rabindranath Tagore, had plunged the whole nation in indiscribable grief. It was a loss not only to India but to the whole world. The Poet believed in the principle of "Vasudheva Kutumbakam" (world brotherhood). He felt the slavery of India like a sting of a scorpion. Day and night he sought to devise ways and means for the liberation and Salvation of the country. His deepfelt feeling for the country was shown by his relinquishing knighthood as a protest against the Jallianwala massacre.

Messrs Babha Shanker Shukla and Ajaya also spoke.

The Association adopted a resolution expressing deep regret at at the demise of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore and stated that his loss was irreparable not only to the country but to the whole world.

BURMA DELEGATION ARRIVES

VIZAGAPATAM, August 13.

Members of the Burma Indian Delegation, consisting of Messrs. Haji, Aiyangar, Dadachanji and Dr. Dugal, who arrived here this morning from Rangoon, are proceeding by to-day's mail via Calcutta to Simla.—A. P.

No Transfer Of Kathiawar Ports

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, Aug. 13.

It is authoritatively learnt that reports about Kathiawar ports appearing in Gujarati papers are fundamentally based on incorrect hypothesis and that nothing by way of a scheme to transfer control or interfere with the sovereign rights of the states concerned is under contemplation.

Mr. Saify Dawoodi Bohra Ward in West Hospital at Rajkot, donated by Alibhoy Abdulhassan of Morvi, was thrown open by Resident Gibson

Simla Municipal Tribute

SIMLA, August 13.

A resolution placing on record "its deep sense of condolence at the said demise of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, an eminent poet and philosopher of international fame", was adopted by the Simla Municipal Committee to-day.

The Committee feels that in him India has lost one of the brightest jewels of her cultural heritage.

The House also conveyed a sense of condolence to the relatives of the poet.—United Press.

Calcutta Ramkrishna Mission's Tribute

CALCUTTA, August 12.

"Besides being the greatest poet of the age, Rabindranath symbolized in himself the culture of India as well as all that is best in the culture of the West."

This is how the Ramakrishna Mission Institute of Culture of Calcutta paid its homage to the memory of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore at its meeting held yesterday. —United Press.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY'S TRIBUTES.

CALCUTTA, August 13.

The death of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore was mourned at a special meeting of the Members and Fellows of the Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal this evening. Sir David Ezra was in the chair.

A resolution adopted at the meeting stated that the Poet's death was an irreparable loss to the entire civilised world, as he was one of the most potent personalities in the domain of culture and inter-national fellowship

GREATER INDIA SOCIETY'S CONDOLENCE

Another condolence meeting was held at the University Science College to-day under the presidentship of Sir P. C. Ray and under the auspices of the Greater India Society. The meeting recorded the great contribution of the Poet in the field of culture.—A. P.

Freedom Of Speech In Suburbs?

Andheri Satyagrahi Arrested At Ghatkopar: Kurla Magistrate Sets Him Free

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, Wednesday.

Contrary to the practice of arresting a Satyagrahi just after the anti-slogans were shouted, the Suburban Police took a changed attitude in the case of Sjt. Gupchup, who was not only not arrested while offering Satyagraha at Andheri but was allowed to go on foot from Andheri to Kurla, all along shouting anti-war slogans. Sjt. Gupchup, staying overnight at Kurla, went along to Ghatkopar, where he was arrested and was put before Kurla Magistrate, who also released him awarding no sentence.

Charges Framed Against Ramkrishna Bajaj

WARDHAGANJ, Aug. 13.

Mr. Kunte, First Class Magistrate, has framed charges against Mr. Ramkrishna Bajaj under the Defence of India Rules for offering Satyagraha. The judgment will be delivered to-morrow.

The case against Mr. Gopal Rao Kale, President of the Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee, was not taken up to-day as the Police Sub-Inspector who took the notes of Mr. Kale's speech was not present.

The United Press understands that Mr. Bhikulal Chandak, M.L.A., will succeed Mr. Gopal Rao Kale as President of the Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee.—United Press.

CONVICTIONS IN MAHAKOSHAL

(From Our Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 12.

The following Satyagrahis have been arrested and convicted in the various districts of Mahakoshal:

DRUG: — Mahant Poshudas, M.L.A. (Harijan) offered Satyagraha for the second time and was arrested and sentenced to six months' R.I.

RAIPUR:—Mr. Dwarkadas Pugaliya offered Satyagraha for the fifth time and on being arrested was sentenced to 6 months' R.I. Messrs. Adwaitgiri, Khuman Singh and Chhabiram to four months' R.I. each. Mr. Jiwangiri to 3 months' R.I.

KHANDWA:—Mr. Chisaji Rajput to six months' R.I. and Mr. Nokhelal to a fine of Rs. 50.

MANDLA: — Mr. Surendralal Jha, officiating President, District Congress Committee, offered Satyagraha and was arrested. Mr. Mattulal Matele was arrested at Bamhni-banjar and was sentenced to six months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 50.

Mr Narayandas Gupta, a nephew of Seth Govind Das, who had been sentenced in May last to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment for participating in the Satyagraha movement has been released from the local Central Jail on the expiry of his term.

3 CONGRESSMEN TO OFFER SATYAGRAHA TO-DAY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A batch of three Congressmen from Bombay have sent their intimations to the Commissioner of Police, this morning, of their intention to offer Satyagraha on Thursday (to-morrow).

The batch includes Mr. Abdul Rehman Mitha, Mr. Purshottam Shivdas Thakkar and Mr. Bhairuprasad Bhagwatiprasad.

Mr. Mitha proposes to offer Satyagraha at 11-45 a.m., in front of the East India Cotton Exchange, Kalbadevi, while Mr Thakkar proposes to shout slogans about the same time in front of the Stock Exchange, Fort. Mr. Bhairuprasad will follow suit at 6 p.m. in front of the Mandvi District Congress Committee.

Danvir Seth Ramsahai Agarwala, a leading merchant of Rewa died at his residence in Rewa in early hours of Monday morning. He had donated a lakh for building a Dharamshala. He was also one of directors of Bank of Baghelkhand.

Reserve Bank Act Amendment

SIMLA, August 13.

An important piece of legislation expected to be placed before the autumn session of the Central Assembly relates to an amendment of the Reserve Bank Act giving powers to the Reserve Bank to inspect the books and registers of the scheduled banks to ascertain their financial position and stability.

Indications of such powers have been given in the speeches of Sir James Taylor, Governor of the Reserve Bank, who has been here for the last two days and is having discussions with the Finance Member and the authorities.

PETROL RATIONING BILL?

Though no final decision appeas to have been taken, the United Press learns that there is every likelihood of a bill on the lines of the Petrol Rationing Ordinance being placed before the Central Assembly.

This would result in a public discussion on the rationing scheme. Since the Assembly does not meet till the end of October about three months' experience of working the scheme would have been acquired by the time the discussion takes place in the Assembly. —United Press.

Fatal Landslip At Simla

Two Firemen Of Goods Train Killed

SIMLA, Aug. 13.

Two firemen of a goods train coming up to Simla were killed by a landslip near Barog Station, half way between Simla and Kalka to-day.

It is stated, that a rock fell on the two men in the engine, while it was in motion. The engine itself and the wagons were undamaged. The train was stopped by the engine-driver, who was unhurt. The line was cleared in two hours and the train moved on again arriving here at midday.—A. P.

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MUTT AND JEFF—The Title of This Is, "From the Bench to the Showers," in One Act By BUD FISHER

O.K., MUTT, I'M GONNA TRY YOU OFF THE BENCH! GET OUT THERE AND PITCH!
GREAT! NOW YOU'LL SEE SOME REAL PITCHING!
I HOPE
BOY, WATCH ME STRIKE THAT GUY OUT RIGHT OFF THE BAT!
SOCK!
THE SHOWERS
AND NOT JUST APRIL SHOWERS
4-21

ALL POLITICAL PARTIES IN FRANCE SUSPENDED

(Continued from Page 10)

will be excluded from public functions.

The Legion remains the best instrument of national resurrection in non-occupied France but is still under Government control.

Powers at the disposal of the police will be doubled.

Commissioners will be entrusted with discovering and destroying administrative organisations and the activities of secret societies.

The powers of the regional prefects will be strengthened.

A labour charter will be promulgated shortly.

The provisional statute for economic organisation will be remodelled. The organisation for food supply will be altered.

A Council of Political Justice will be set up in order to speed up the trial of those responsible for the disaster.

All Ministers and High Officials must take the oath to Marshal Petain.

"The problem of the Government goes beyond the framework of a simple Ministerial re-shuffle. It requires above all the rigid upholding of certain principles. Authority no longer comes from below. It is properly that which I confide and delegate. I delegate it in the first place to Admiral Darlan, towards whom opinion has not shown itself either always favourable or always fair, but who has never ceased to help me with his loyalty and courage.

I have entrusted him with the Ministry of National Defence so that he can exert over the whole of our land, sea and air forces more direct control. To the Government which surrounds him I shall leave the necessary initiative."

In one passage Marshal Petain remarked: "The London radio and certain French journals have exercised a bad influence on the people's minds".

In another he said "France cannot be really governed except from Paris. I cannot go back there now and I shall not go there until certain possibilities are offered to me".—Reuter.

IRAN'S NEUTRALITY CONFIRMED

German Experts & Foreign Tourists Under Control

TEHERAN, August 13.

There are no fresh developments in Iran as the result of the present international situation. Newspapers emphasise Iran's neutrality in all circumstances.

They also strongly deny recent foreign press and radio reports on the subjects of German experts and tourists arriving in Iran.

The Government claim that all foreigners are under strict control, and their activities and professions are known to the police.

Consequently there is no danger, potential or otherwise, to the state from their activities.—Reuter.

IRAN GOVT. STILL IN FOOL'S PARADISE

CAIRO, Aug. 12.

Although the Soviet and British missions in Teheran have acted energetically and on parallel lines in an effort to bring home to Iran the menace of Nazi penetration it is not yet clear that the Iranian Government appreciates fully the dangers of the situation, writes Reuter's special correspondent.

For instance according to reliable though unofficial reports the Iranian Government has compared the total numbers of Germans and Britons in the country without taking into account the fact that Britons are mainly old residents employed in oil fields and like work!—Reuter.

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Son Born To Emir Of Transjordan

AMMAN, Aug. 12.

A son Ali has been born to Emir Naif the youngest son of Emir Abdullah of Transjordan.—Reuter.

MILITARY EXTENSION BILL AMENDED

(Continued from Page 10)

of France are at the disposal of Hitler."

An amendment to extend the service of the Guards men, Reserves and retired men only and not conscripts was lost by 176 to 117 votes.

By a vote on the voices members accepted the final amendment permitting extension for 18 months beyond the original year, although the bill before the House called for indefinite suspension of the time limit of present service.—Reuter.

U.S. APPROPRIATION BILL

7,100 Million Dollars In Cash & $1,000 Million In Contract

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.

As passed by the House of Representatives on July 28, the bill carried approximately 7,100 million dollars in cash and 1,000 million dollars in contract authority.

The Committee voted unanimously in favour of eliminating the 1,347 million dollars fund for army ordinance (the bill as passed by the House of Representatives provided for 4,760,003,813 dollars or 1,190 million sterling for the army).

This amount is for the equipment and maintenance of a land force of 1,727,000 men plus critical items for a 3 million men army; 1,569,374,665 dollars or 390 million sterling for the navy; and 1,698,650,000 dollars for the construction of 541 cargo vessels and acquisition of 350 others.—Reuter.

Breathtaking Margin

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.

After a recount the Army Service Extension Bill was passed by the breath-taking margin of one vote voting being 203 to 202.—Reuter.

Burma Wants 12 Immigration Officers

RANGOON, August 12.

Notices have appeared in the papers calling for applications for the posts of Immigration Officers with a salary from Rs. 240—640. There are 12 posts, of which seven are in Burma port towns including Lashio, Bhamo and Myitkyine and the five for Indian port towns are for Calcutta, Gopalpur, Vizagapatam, Madras and Chittagong.—United Press.

Local Bodies And Released Satyagrahis

PATNA, August 13.

The Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting here yesterday is understood to have permitted the released or non-arrested Satyagrahi members of the local bodies to attend the meetings of those bodies to be held in connection with budgets.

It also set up a Committee of three with Dr. Rajendra Prasad as the President to promote the sale of Khadi.—A. P.

GANDHIJI ON IMPORTANCE OF PHYSICAL TRAINING

POONA, August 13.

"I am never against physical training as such. But through it violence should not be inculcated in the minds of students. I regard physical instruction as an important factor of boys and girls in education."

Thus says Mahatma Gandhi writing from Wardha to the Secretary of the Maharashtra Physical Training Conference, Poona.—United Press.

LONDON: Reports of Axis pressure on Vichy to recognise the Manchukuo and Nanking regimes continue to come in. Chungking circles say that recognition by Vichy of Manchukuo or Nanking is likely to result in the rupture of relations between Chungking and Vichy.

ALL-INDIA 3RD MONTESSORI TRAINING COURSE

WILL BE HELD FROM

1st November, 1941 to 31st January, 1942.

Full particulars can be had from the SECRETARY, Association Montessori Internationale, Olcott Gardens, Adyar, MADRAS.

Plan To Stop Leakage Of Japanese Assets

India Govt.'s Prompt Action

SIMLA, Aug. 13.

The Government of India have taken what are regarded as steps to close up the leak, to which their attention has been drawn, in the recent order freezing Japanese assets in India.

They have now ordered that no goods imported from the Empire of Japan or China shall be cleared whether for home consumption or for shipment to a foreign port, unless the Customs Collector is satisfied that the whole of C.I.F. value of the goods, excepting such part thereof, if any, as had been paid before July 26, has been paid into a blocked account or the owner of the imported goods produces an order of the Central Government permitting, such clearance. Provided that, the prohibition shall not apply to goods imported from China by land into Burma and thence by sea or land into British India.—A. P.

PALTRY CONCESSION

The Rashtriya Girni Kamgar Sangh has issued a statement regretting that the increase in the grant of dearness allowance sanctioned to textile workers is not in strict conformity with the movement of the cost of living index number. They urged for an upward revision in the sliding scale of the dearness allowance.

They further state:—

"The real way to improving standard of living of workers is to give them something of permanent value like wage increase and standardization for which the Rashtriya Girni Kamgar Sangh is moving in the matter. The Sangh has also taken up the issues like bonus and dearness allowance. Mere Dearness Allowance, which is a measure of temporary character, is not enough and workers are not going to be satisfied with his paltry concession. Workers have also a legitimate claim in the share of the increased earnings of the industry and in the opinion of the Sangh, this is the most opportune time to set the industrial relations on equitable terms."

DARLAN BECOMES DICTATOR?

(Continued from Page 10)

Justice M. Barthelemy; Interior, M. Pucheux; National Economy and Finance, Bouthillier; Agriculture, M. Caziot; Supplies, M. Charbin; Co-ordination of New Institution, M. Moyset; Minister of State and Permanent Delegate of Chief of State to National Council, M. Romier.—Reuter.

MORE FETTERS FOR FRANCE

British Press On New Order In Vichy

LONDON, August 12.

Vichy's 'New Order' for the French people as outlined by Marshal Petain last night is generally described by the British Press as "More Fetters for France" while the bestowal of additional powers on Admiral Darlan is interpreted as foreshadowing a new surrender to Berlin.

This view, says the "News Chronicle" is borne out by the drastic measures Marshal Petain announced last night for the preservation of order.

The men of Vichy known perfectly well that their policy is antagonistic to the great majority of their countrymen. Hence the need for doubling the police force and the suppressing of all political activity. They expect trouble.

The "Daily Express" says that "France has gone completely Nazi last night with Darlan as its Fuehrer—Petain as its Hindenburg.

The "Daily Telegraph" in an editorial asserts that although Marshal Petain said nothing outright about concessions to Berlin in the shape of the North African bases or other military facilities there is not the smallest doubt that the appointment of Admiral Darlan to the Supreme Command of all French Naval, air and land forces is the direct result of pressure from the enemy..

Marshal Petain himself boasts that Parliamentary democracy is "dead" but the twelve-point programme of thorough-going Fascism which he proclaimed in its stead is hardly likely to commend itself to the French people as the example of "the instinct of liberty" to which Mrashal Petain paid homage.

"The larger perspective of a reconciled continent" to which Marshal Petain looks forward marks the final act of self-basement before the conqueror and the frustration of every hope of a free, independent and resurrected France".—Reuter.

SCARCITY IN BIJAPUR

Government Sanctions Rs. 25,000 For Relief

The latest reports received by the Bombay Government regarding conditions in Bijapur district where scarcity conditions prevailed some time back, show that distress is not so severe in Bijarat, Indi, Sindgi and Mudebihal taluquas in the district. The Government has sanctioned Rs. 25,000 for the relief of agriculturists in the district. The Collector has been permitted to sanction numerous road works. Takavi advances have been given wherever necessary.

Prices of commodities in the district are steady now.

MAHATMA ON WORKERS' STRUGGLE

(From A Correspondent).

DELHI: (By Mail).

About 3,000 textile workers of the Birla Cotton Mills, Ltd. in a meeting held under the auspices of Workers' League and Provincial Trade Union Congress at Roshanara Gardens, Delhi, with Sreemati Chando Bibi in the chair, formulated their demands for increment of dearness allowance etc. and placed the same before Mr. Birla and the mills' authorities. Sjt. Ajit Das Gupta, General Secretary of the Textile Labour Union and the League, sent a copy of the same to Gandhiji requesting him to co-operate before the workers were forced to take any forward step and the following reply was received from Sevagram, Wardha:—

Dear Ajit Das Gupta,—You have done well to approach the mills. You won't expect me to interfere from this end. For one thing, my hands are full.—Yours sincerely, M. K. Gandhi.

Smuggling Gold Into Burma

RANGOON, August 13.

Cases of smuggling gold from India to Burma by passengers have come to light and the Customs Officers made lucky find of smuggled gold worth thousand of rupees.

When the "Tak Sang" docked in Rangoon harbour with passenger from Calcutta, examination of luggages was done by the Calcutta Officers. One tin of sweets was examined and the false bottom revealed a slab of gold painted black worth Rs. 9,000.

A few days ago one Indian passenger off the "Henrich Jessen" was caught with smuggled gold worth Rs 10,000 which he attempted to bring into Burma. The gold was hidden at the bottom of a tin case.—United Press.

Mr. S. Tyebji In Bombay

Mr. S. Tyebji, one of the members of the Burma Indian Delegation, arrived in Bombay on Wednesday.

B. P. Amateur Open Badminton Championships

WEDNESDAY'S RESULTS

HINDU GYMKHANA COURT:—B. R. Agasker vs J. Angel, Miss A. R. Vimadalal 14-5, 5-11, 11-4 Mrs. Manekshaw 11-3, 2-11, 11-3 Miss Sunder Deodhar 7-11, 11-4, 12-11. Miss P. D'Lima 11-1, 11-2. K. R. Lotwalla and Miss Haji 15-9, 3-15, 15-13, G. D. Patwardhan 15-10, 15-4 Miss J. Mistry and J. Agnel 15-1, 15-10. Miss Tara Deodhar and Miss Sunder Deodhar 15-7, 15-7. Miss P. D'Lima and K. M. Rangnekar 15-12, 15-7.

ISLAM GYMKHANA COURT:—S. Dinkerrao and K. P. Kesari 15-9, 4-15, 15-9 Miss Baimai J. Cooper and Miss Perin Bharucha 15-2, 15-7.

FIXTURES FOR TO-DAY (THURSDAY)

4-10 p.m. Miss Sunder Deodhar vs. Miss K. Haji 4-30 p.m. B. R. Agasker vs. J. Angel, 4-50 p.m. Miss Tara Deodhar vs. Mrs Manekshaw. 5-10 p.m. Messrs. Shivdasani and R. M. Khatau vs. Leslie Pereira and J. Agnel. 5-30 p.m. Miss F. Talyarkhan and Miss Dadyburjor vs Miss K. Dhurandhar and Miss S. Jadhao. 5-50 p.m. N. Amrithrao and Miss Hemmady vs Miss M. R. Vimadalal and G. D. Patwardhan. 7-00 p.m. Miss P. D'Lima and Miss F. Vachha vs. Miss A. R. Vimadalal and Miss P. Jinwalla. 6-10 p.m. M. G. Mugwe vs. D. G. Mugwe 6-30 p.m. B. G. Waradkar and Miss Sunder Deodhar vs. Miss Hemmady and N. Amritrao or Miss M. R. Vimadalal and G. D. Patwerdhan 7-30 p.m. A. V. Ullal and K. R. Lotwalla vs. C. Gommes and R. Pereira 8-00 p.m. S. Dinkerrao and K. P. Kesari vs. K. M. Rangnekar and R. N. Kanga.

I. F. A. Shield Matches

CALCUTTA, Aug. 13.

The second semi-final match in the I.F.A. Shield Tournament played to-day, resulted as follows:—

Mohammedan Sporting 1, Aryans (holders) 0.—A. P.

MEERUT SOCCER

MEERUT, Aug. 13.

In the M. M. Khan Football Tournament, R. B. F. Club "A" playing in Monsoonish weather condition beat Moon Star Club by three goals to nil.—A.P.

Bhatghat Hydro-Electric Scheme

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

With a view to developing rural electrification, the Bhatghat Hydro-Electric scheme sanctioned by the Government of Bombay in 1938 is now in operation.

Six transformer stations have been established and energy is supplied for lift irrigation and for lighting and power purposes. Two pumping plants have also been installed and water is delivered to villages for agricultural purposes.—United Press.

H. E. H. the Nizam has laid the foundation stone of the 'Azakhana Zahra Building' to be constructed at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,00,000 to perpetuate the memory of 'Madar-e-Deccan' (Mother of the Deccan.) It is understood that His Exalted Highness the Nizam has ordered that a park should be constructed near the building.

Help to Swell THE WAR GIFTS FUND

V for VICTORY at the POONA RACES

G. I. P.

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We are continually hearing of people purchasing tablets that look like 'ASPRO', and they say that when they take these tablets they get no relief from pain, and they ask us the reason. The imitations of 'ASPRO' are numerous but there are "no substitutes." If you want relief from pain in five minutes 'ASPRO' will give it to you. If you wish to get rid of a cold or influenza attack in one night 'ASPRO' will stop it for you. On the other hand, should it be a case of rheumatism 'ASPRO' will bring relief in 24 hours. For complaints such as neuralgia, gout, neuritis, alcoholic after-effects, pains peculiar to women, sleeplessness, irritability, etc., you can rely on the wonderful soothing and relieving powers that 'ASPRO' exerts within five to ten minutes. If anyone tries to fool you by palming off something that LOOKS LIKE 'ASPRO' instead of the real 'ASPRO' look out for his motive—but still demand 'ASPRO'.

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GOUT GOES

Suffered agonising pain from gout. Feet too swollen to stand. Took four 'Aspro' tablets and in ten minutes was able to get to bed. Another dose brought peaceful sleep and by morning inflammation had gone.

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Thanks us for marvellous results obtained from 'Aspro' for influenza, colds and chronic catarrh. Says thirty of staff were away with 'flu but 'Aspro' users kept free from it.

(Sd.) W. B.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, 1941

GLYCO-THYMOLINE
(Kress & Owen Co's)
KEEP INFECTION AT BAY!
with
GLYCO-
THYMOLINE
To cure common cold and tonsilities douche the nose and gargle with Clyco-Thymoline which keeps infection at Bay and soothes irritated tissues.
Obtainable at all Chemists.

DEATH-BLOW TO DEMOCRACY IN FRANCE?

All Political Parties Suspended

Special Court To Speed Up Trial Of Politicals "Responsible For Disaster"

VICHY, August 13.

MARSHAL PETAIN BROADCASTING TO THE FRENCH NATION ON TUESDAY NIGHT SAID: "FRENCH, I HAVE GRAVE THINGS TO TELL YOU. IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF FALSE RUMOURS AND INTRIGUES, A VERITABLE UNEASINESS IS GRIPPING THE PEOPLE OF FRANCE.

MY NAME IS INVOKED TOO OFTEN EVEN AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT TO JUSTIFY ALLEGED BENEFICIAL UNDERTAKINGS WHICH ARE IN FACT APPEALS TO INDISCIPLINE.

It is easy to understand the reason for this uneasiness. When war continues on the frontiers of a nation which defeat has put 'hors de combat' but whose empire remains vulnerable, everyone asks himself with anguish what is the future of my country.

Insidious propaganda adding to the confusion of spirit a sense of national interest ends by losing its rightness and its vigour.

Our relations with Germany are regulated by an armistice convention whose character could only be provisional.

The prolongation of this situation renders it more difficult to support since it governs the relations between two great nations.

As to the collaboration offered in October, 1940 by the Chancellor of the German Reich under conditions, the great courtesy of which I appreciate, it is the work of a slow development and could not yet bear all its fruits.

We must know how to orientate ourselves towards a large horizon which a reconciled continent can open up to our activities. That is the end to which we are guiding our efforts. But it is a huge task calling for our will and our patience.

With regard to Italy our relations are also regulated by an armistice convention. Here again our wish is to escape from these provisional relations and establish more stable bonds without which European order cannot be built up again.

I would like to recall to the great American Republic the reasons why she need not fear the decline of French ideals.

Our parliamentary democracy which is dead had a few traits in common with democracy of the United States, but the instinct of freedom still lives in us proud and strong. Our difficulties and mistakes arise above all from troubled minds, lack of men and scarcity of products.

The disturbance of our spirit does not only arise from the vicissitudes of our foreign policy but above all from our slowness in reconstructing the new order.

National revolution has not yet become a fact. This is because between the people and myself face a double barrier raised by the upholders of the old regime and the servants of the trusts.

Enemies Of New Order

A long delay will be necessary to conquer the resistance of all these adversaries to the new order but we must from now on break their undertakings by decimating their leaders.

If France failed to understand that she is bound by force of events to change the regime of yesterday, she would see open at her feet the abyss into which the Spain of 1936 nearly disappeared, only saving herself by the sacrifice of her faith and youth.

In the light of the experience I shall rectify the work and shall take up again against egoistic and blind capitalism the struggle that the Kings of France waged and won against feudalism. I wish that our country shall be freed from the most despicable tutelage, that of money.

No Mercenary Motives

Marshal Petain then declared that he would deal rigorously against irresponsible professional organisations led by "mercenary considerations."

It was scandalous, he said, that fortunes should be built up on general wretchedness and was all the more revolting since the French people during the past year had accomplished an immense task despite privations of all kinds in the most difficult condition.

It was thanks to this effort that the life of the country had been maintained following defeat.

Finally Marshal Petain summed up in twelve points the immediate programme of political action drawn up by his Government.

Political Parties Suspended

"I mean, however, to lay down for it certain spheres, a very clear line, and this is what I have decided.

Activities of all parties and political groups are suspended in non-occupied France.

Salaries of members of Parliament are abolished as from September 30

Sanctions will be taken against civil servants who are Freemasons, and holders of high Masonic rank

(Continued on Page 9 Col. 1)

Darlan Becomes Dictator?

All Military Powers Handed Over To Pro-Hitler Admiral

VICHY, August 12.

A semi-official statement explaining the significance of Admiral Darlan's new post as Minister of National defence says, "While keeping his offices as Vice-Premier, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and Secretary of State for the Navy Admiral Darlan now takes over all military powers.

The Secretaries of State for War, Navy, Air and Colonies are under him.

General Huntziger remains Secretary of State for War. General Gergeret Secretary of State for Air and Admiral Peaton Secretary of State for Colonies.

The Minister of National Defence is reponsible for the general organisation of the nation's defence, for the distribution and use of armed forces and for general inspection of armed forces"

The Vichy Cabinet with Marshal Petain as the head is now composed as follows:

Vice-Premier, Minister for National Defence, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and Secretary of State for the Navy Admiral Darlan; War General Huntziger;

(Continued on Page 9 Col. 3)

GEN. ROMMEL PRAISES ITALIAN REGIMENT

Eighth Bersaglieri Which Was Destroyed By British

CAIRO, August 13.

General Rommel, in command of the German forces in North Africa has issued an order of the day highly praising the exploits of the eighth Bersaglieri regiment and calling on other Italian units to emulate its fine example.

It is thought here that the Italians must feel chagrined when they read the order because the eighth Bersaglieri was practically entirely wiped out recently by the British near Tobruk. —Reuter.

CONTROL OF HOUSE RENTS IN MADRAS.

MADRAS, August 13.

The Government of Madras have decided to control house rents in hill-stations with immediate effect. A press note issued on the subject says:—Government have received complaints that owners of house property in the hill stations are taking undue advantage of the situation arising out of the war and demanding very high rentals from people taking up residence at those stations. Enquiries instituted by Government show that the allegations are largely true.

The Government have therefore decided that rents in hill stations should be controlled and have accordingly issued the "Madras House Rent Control Order 1941" under the powers delegated to them by the Central Government under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Military Extension Bill Amended

Guards, Reserves, Conscripts To Serve 18 Months Beyond Original Year

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.

An attempt to put the proposed extension of the military service on a voluntary instead of a compulsory bas's was defeated in the House of Representatives to-day 185 votes to 146.

The Republicans advanced a dual proposal which provided, firstly, that conscripts could volunteer for a second year's taining and secondly, the elimination of the declaration that national interest was imperilled.

This was regarded as the opposition's main effort to defeat the administration's attempt to keep conscripts, the Reserve and the National Guard in training beyond the 12 months' period.

In the hope of passing the Extension Bill before nightfall, the House was called at ten this morning instead of at noon which is the usual time.

A number of emotional outbursts marked the debate, one of which was "brave old England, I hope she stands," and another was "after Russia—England, and if she falls there is not a man on this floor who does not know who will be the next."

Just before the vote was taken, members said, "Admiral Darlan has all the power, and resources

(Continued on Page 9 Col. 2)

Mr. Francis Low, Editor of the "Times of India" gave a lecture at the P.M.M. Gymkhana on Tuesday evening on "Position of the Eastern Frontier" and picture shows him speaking.

ANGLO-SOVIET DEMARCHE TO TURKEY

BOTH WILL SCRUPULOUSLY OBSERVE TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY OF REPUBLIC

HELP GUARANTEED IN CASE OF ATTACK

LONDON, Aug. 12.

An important joint demarche to Turkey by Great Britain and Russia was announced in London on Wednesday.

On August 10 British and Soviet ambassadors called at the Turkish Foreign Office and presented a declaration in indentical terms.

The text of the British declaration is:—

"His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom confirms their fidelity to the Montreux Convention and assure the Turish Government that they have no aggressive intentions or claims whatever with regard to the Straits. His Majesty's Government as also the Soviet Government are prepared scrupulously to observe the territorial integrity of the Turkish Republic.

While fully appreciating the desire of the Turkish Government not to be involved in war His Majesty's Government as also the Soviet Government would, nevertheless, be prepared to render Turkey every help and assistance in the event of her being attacked by a European power."

Before presenting the written declaration each abmassador explained orally the views of his Government.

Help If Attacked

The Soviet Ambassador stated that as late as March 1941, that is to say, during the period of the well-known treaty relations between the Soviet Union and Germany, the Soviet Government exchanged assurances with the Government of the Turkish Republic in connection with reports that were then being spread to the effect that if Turkey were compelled to enter the war, the Soviet Union would take advantage of Turkish difficulties to attack her.

It will be recalled that the Soviet Government for their part considered it necessary at that time to declare that such reports in no way corresponded to the attitude of the Soviet Union and that if Turkey were in fact attacked and compelled to enter the war for the defence of her territories, she could count on the full understanding and neutrality of the Soviet Union on the basis of the non-Agression Pact between the two countries.

The Soviet Ambassador continuing stated: "It is known that after the treacherous attack of Nazi Germany on the Soviet Union, the Germans conducted and are still conducting malicious propaganda against the Soviet Union, intended, 'inter alia', to bring about discord between the Soviet Union and Turkey.

In view of the fact that this propaganda, which is being intensively conducted by the German Government, has become even stronger at present, and considering that in the threatened international situation it is opportune that an exchange of views should take place between the Soviet Government and the Turkish Government on the subject of relations between the Soviet Union, Turkey and Great Britain; the Soviet Government has instructed me to make this declaration"

His Majesty's Ambassador stated that in view of the anti-Russian propaganda by Germany, His Majesty's Government and the Soviet Government have considered it right to reaffirm categorically their attitude towards Turkey in order that the Turkish Government may be under no delusion in the formation of their own policies towards Great Britain and the Soviet Union.

Both the declarations were most warmly received.—Reuter.

AFGHAN BANK CURRENCY TURNED INTO DOLLARS

PESHAWAR, Aug. 12.

"The Afghan National Bank has converted all its currencies and stocks into dollars according to the official review of the economic activities of the country during 1940-41.

The creation of an Afgnan-American Trading Corporation in New York is described as an important step of the year.—A. P.

Indian Pilot Officer Killed

SIMLA, August 13.

The Government of India regret to announce that Pilot Officer Gurbachan Singh, who was one of the contingent of members of the Indian Air Force, who went to Great Britain for service with the Royal Air Force, was killed in a flying accident in England on April 4.—A. P.

PRIZE PAPER ON STEEL MANUFACTURE

JAMSHEDPUR, August 13.

The Williams prize of £100 has been awarded by the Iron and Steel Institute, London, to Mr. Bernard Yaneske, Assistant General Superintendent, Tata Iron and Steel Company, Jamshedpur, for his paper on "the manufacture of steel by the "Perrin process". This has been adjudged by the council to be the best paper accepted by the Institute in 1940.

Mr. Yaneske's paper, which describes a new steel making process shortly to be employed in a new plant now in the course of erection at Jamshedpur, has been published and discussed in the leading technical journals.—A. P

MELBOURNE, August 12.

The Federal Parliament is meeting on August 20th. The Far East and Ministerial representation in London are the subjects on the agenda.—Reuter.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE YELLOW BEETLE

DO YOU THINK YOU CAN HANDLE THAT GUN, MISS MORTON? WE HAVE ONE CHANCE IN A MILLION OF HELPING DONAVAN!
I-I CAN TRY...
IF I CAN DROP THIS OVER THE SIDE BEFORE I'M SPOTTED...
SWIFTLY, CAREFULLY, WADE CREEPS TO THE RAIL, A ROPE LADDER IN HIS HANDS..
A ROPE LADDER AND--- JUMPIN' CATFISH-IT'S INSPECTOR WADE!
FOLLOW ME! UP THAT LADDER! HOLD THE FORT, JIM!
THEY'RE COMIN' UP TH' ROPE LADDER! WE GOT TO--- HUH!
D-DON'T ANYONE MOVE A F-F-INGER! I-I'LL SHOUT.
3-30

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